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VOL. XX NO. 291 BOMBAY WEDNESDAY, DECEMBER 7, 1932 TWELVE PAGES

GANDHIJI DECIDES TO POSTPONE FAST

Stultifying Itself

ASSEMBLY RATIFIES OTTAWA AGREEMENT

Country Behind Me Inspite Of Your Voting, Assures Sir Abdur Rahim

NEW DELHI, Dec. 6.

After a debate in which 60 speakers took part the Legislative Assembly voted to-day in favour of the ratification of the Ottwa Agreement by 74 votes to 27.

Sir Abdur Rahim, the first speaker opposing ratification said he had been dubbed as an irreconcilable opponent of the agreement but was sure the country was behind him whatever might be the decision of the House.

MR. CHETTY HECKLED

NEW DELHI, Dec. 6.

Sir Abdur Rahim was the first speaker in the Assembly to-day on the Ottawa debate. He confined himself to answering points made out by the supporters of the Agreement and concluded his half-an-hour's speech by expressing the conviction that it would be injuring the best economic interests of India. He realised that Government had a larger majority on the question than they had on many other equally important matters.

Sir Mohammad Yakub. (Hear, hear). He did not attach any importance to the views of Sir Mohammad Yakub, because he (the latter) was the supporter of the Government.

Sir Mohammad retorting said: "You have been supporting the Government longer than I have been."

Sir Abdur Rahim—I supported the Government in all matters in which they were right. I never hesitated to vote against the Government, even though I was in a minority, provided I was convinced that the Government was in the wrong. Let Sir Mohammad Yakub examine my record in the Bengal Cabinet, and he would find that I never hesitated to vote against the Government when they were in the wrong.

WHITEHALL SCHEME.

Proceeding, Sir Abdur Rahim complained that the Ottawa scheme placed before the Assembly was not that of the Government of India but that of the British Government to whom the Government of India were subordinate. Even if the Government of India wanted to reject that agreement, they could not do so. He repudiated the charge made by Mr. Morgan that he, Mr. Sarda and Raju were guided by political prejudice against Britain. The Minority report itself belied the charge. On the other hand, Mr. Morgan in his enthusiasm for Empire Preference had been carried away into making a statement that the jute growers would benefit by the agreement. Past experience belied that assertion, and whatever benefit they might derive from it, was so negligible that they could ignore it.

Regarding Mr. Mody's arguments Sir Abdur Rahim felt sorry that a shrewd businessman should have led himself to believe that the British market could be captured. Mr. Mody himself had the experience how this was impossible regarding cotton industry for which he had been asking for protection in the Assembly.

"STARVING AGRICULTURISTS."

If that was the case regarding a well organised industry with a capital, what could be the position of an unorganised starving and illiterate agriculturist, who was a prey to the middlemen?

Mr. Mody had ridiculed the Minority members for their faith in the industries of India. Perhaps, Mr. Mody spoke, because he found the Treasury Benches dominated the Assembly, and so he wanted to placate those Benches. Mr. Ramsay Scott was candid enough to state that while the Tata Iron and Steel and the Bombay Cotton Industries were protected, there were no other Indian industries which were similarly safeguarded. As regard iron and steel, his information was that the Tatas sent their representative to London, who came to some agreement with the Manufacturing Houses in Britain for galvanised sheets out of sheet bars. Mr. Dalal, their representative, before a Special Committee offered no opinion whatever on the agreement generally, only admitting it was helpful for the Indian iron and steel industry. The fate of other industries was not known.

PROTECTION SET AT NAUGHT.

In fact, he (Sir Abdur Rahim) failed to obtain the list of industries, which were struggling as against the favoured industries. These was no express provision in the Agreement to safeguard such industries. The policy of discrimination and protection deliberately, entered into after examination by the Assembly and India might be set at naught by the Ottawa Agreement, which embodied Imperial Preference against which Lord Curzon set his face, and the Fiscal Commission recommended, and Sir Geoffrey Corbett declared his opposition in the Imperial Conference.

COUNTRY AGAINST OTTAWA.

Still, Dr. Ziauddin, who had the fascination for figures and balance sheets produced a statement of accounts, which whatever mathematical value it had, had no economic significance whatever in any quarter. Dr. Ziauddin, himself had in effect, admitted that the agreement was a leap in the dark.

Sir Hari Singh Gour had talked of the safeguard of the Assembly, for voting after three years, on preference. Supposing the Assembly at that time had one-third of the seats filled by persons nominated from the Indian States. That House would surely vote for any scheme.

Concluding, Sir Abdur Rahim said: "I have been dubbed as an irreconcilable. Advocates of the Agreement may have a majority in the Assembly, but the country is behind me, and every opinion expressed so far supports my stand-point.

Witnesses before the Special Com-

(Continued On Page 7.)

HOOVER'S MESSAGE TO CONGRESS

Cautious Attitude To War Debts Question

PROPOSED "CUTS" TO BALANCE BUDGET

WASHINGTON, Dec. 6.

References in a message to the Congress by Mr. Hoover to the war debts question are confined to the published facts and to the necessity of co-operation of foreign nations in many measures for universal benefit.

The message emphasises that the programme for United States recovery envisages the "unquestioned balancing" of the budget which will show the proposed reductions and appropriations of over 830 million dollars below enacted in the last session. The budget only contemplates public works already undertaken. The message recommends to the country generally to adopt Government furlough system inaugurated last year which "is tantamount to five-day week."

Further temporary reduction in Government wages is contemplated, also a cut in Veterans benefit and extention of manufactures excise taxes. Reorganisation of Government departments will be undertaken with a view consolidation.

No reference is made to prohibition.—Reuter.

BRITISH BANKING SYSTEM

Hoover's Tribute To Its Stability

WASHINGTON, Dec. 6.

A striking tribute to the stability of British banking system is made by President Hoover in a message at the opening of the last session of the Congress.

The President deals with the necessity of a complete reorganisation of the United States banking system, which he compares unfavourably with British and points out that American bank failures in 1931 were ten-and-half per cent of all banks compared to one-and-half per cent of all other enterprises. 4,665 banks have suspended payment since 1st January 1930 with deposits amounting to 3,500 million dollars. President Hoover proceeds:

"Failure of our system to function is unnecessary and the fault of our particular system is plainly indicated by the fact that in Britain, where economic mechanism has suffered far greater shocks than ours, there has not been a single bank failure during the depression."—Reuter.

DISARMAMENT AND DEBTS

Hoover's New Plan

NEW YORK, Dec. 6.

Mr. Hoover has changed his plans and has decided to defer the War debt message to the Congress to a later day this week according to the Washington Correspondent of the "New York Times".

The Correspondent adds that Official circles state that the message will refer to Disarmament and World Economic Conference, both of which in Mr. Hoover's opinion, are linked with War debts.—Reuter.

Amritsar.—A former member of the Amritsar War Council was arrested by the police under the Special Powers Ordinance for his alleged part in the organising of picketting and boycott campaign.—A. P.

Pending Govt's Decision

APPASAHEB TO FOLLOW SUIT ?

BOMBAY, Dec. 6.

It is understood that Gandhiji will not resume fast to-morrow but that he has decided to postpone it further pending the decision of the Government on Mr. Patwardhan's demand which is stated to be still under their consideration.

The Government is believed to have informed Gandhiji to this effect and Gandhiji has agreed to the suggestion to defer resumption of the fast and has also asked Mr. Patwardhan to do likewise.—A. P.

INDIAN CRICKETERS CONGRATULATED

M. C. C. Secretary On Their Fine Play

LONDON, Dec. 6.

At the annual meeting of the secretaries of first-class Counties, the Secretary of the M.C.C., referring to the Indians' last season, congratulating the team on their splendid play.

The Secretary stated that the M.C.C. had received invitation to send a team to India in 1933|34. He added that the matter was under consideration and, if invitation was accepted, three tests would be played.—Reuter's Special.

JAPANESE DESTROYER FOUNDERS

106 Of Crew Missing

TOKIO, Dec. 6.

The Second Class Japanese destroyer "Sawarbi" has foundered off Fermosa in a storm. 106 of the crew are missing, and she has been disabled. Three destroyers have rescued 14 of the crew, but rescue work has been hampered by heavy seas.—Reuter.

SUCCESSFUL UNITY EFFORTS

Madras Conference Committee Resolutions

MADRAS, Dec. 6.

The Secretary, Hindu-Muslim Unity Conference Committee, Madras, says that the Committee concluded its sittings to-day.

Complete unanimity prevailed on all resolutions passed by the Committee which will be placed before the Conference of leaders of all shades and opinion on 8th December.—A. P.

SEPARATION MOTION IN BURMA COUNCIL

Debate To Come Up On Monday

ROUND TABLER AS PRESIDENT

RANGOON, Dec. 6.

At the Burma Legislature Mr. Chit Hlaing a Round Tabler, only candidate nominated was unanimously elected President and Mr. Saw Pe Tha, Barrister, Karen, Anti-Separationist, as Deputy President, defeating a rival candidate Mr. U Niex, Deputy Separationist, Rountabler by a majority of two votes.

Mr. Tun Pe, Separationist representing University, tabled the following motion:

The Council recommends to His Majesty's Government to take steps to separate Burma from India with a constitution for separated Burma as outlined by the Premier on 19th January, at the Burma Conference.

Mr. Kyaw Din, Member, Bamaws Party, moved adjournment of the Debate to enable his party to consider the above motion and give notice of an amendment.

The Council adjourned to Saturday for official business.

The debate on the separation motion will come up on Monday.—A.P.

HARDING BREAKS WORLD'S RECORD

400 Metres Breast-Stroke

(SPECIAL CABLE)

LONDON, Dec. 6.

Wallasey (Cheshire)—Mr. Phyllis Harding broke the world's 400 metres breast stroke record with a time of six minutes 12 2/5 seconds.—Reuter.

King Interested In Test Match

(SPECIAL CABLE)

LONDON, Dec. 6.

How keenly the King is interested in the cricket Test match is exemplified by his being phoned at Sandringham at the close of the play immediately Reuter cable reaches England.—Reuter.

STOP PRESS

TEA REGULATIONS.
(SPECIAL CABLE.)

LONDON. Dec. 6.

It is announced that the representatives of the Indian Tea Association, London, the South Indian Association, London, the Ceylon Association, London, the British Chamber of Commerce for Dutch East Indies and the Amsterdam and Java Tea Association have reached a complete agreement with regard to measures to be taken to achieve an effective regulation. It has been agreed that measures will now be submitted to a referendum of proprietors of tea estates. If adequate proportion of proprietors favour regulation measures will then be submitted to the Governments concerned with a request that regulation be enforced.—Reuter.

LAWLESSNESS IN PERSIA.

BAGHDAD, Dec. 6.

Serious lawlessness in the area surrounding the Anglo-Persian Oil Company's enclave is reported by travellers from South Persia.

It is stated that it is now unsafe to travel across mountains from Ispahan to Dizful, formerly one of the main routes from East to West, owing to numbers of bandits infesting the district.—Reuter.

ANGRY HAWKERS ATTACK POLICE

Three Injured At Dadar Clash

FUSILLADE OF COCOANUTS AT LORRY CONVEYING MUNICIPAL MEN

Cocoanuts were used as weapons of attack by vegetable hawkers in a clash with a party of men belonging to the Municipal Encroachment department which occurred at Dadar on Tuesday evening. Two policemen who came to assistance of the municipal men were injured in the fight.

HAWKERS PREPARED

A party of men belonging to the encroachment department of the Bombay Municipality proceeded to the junction of Dadar Road and Naigaum Cross Road with a view to eject a number of vegetable hawkers who had occupied a considerable portion of the footpath. Apparently the vegetable hawkers anticipated the visit and made preparations for the fray.

FUSILLADE OF COCOANUTS.

When the lorry conveying the Municipal men reached the junction of Dadar Road the vegetable hawkers attacked them with a regular fussilade of cocoanuts. A couple of policemen who accompanied the municipal men were injured and a municipal employee was also hit.

The police however succeeded in dispersing the angry hawkers.

R. T. C. DEBATE ON FEDERAL FINANCE

HOARE'S "TWOFOLD PROBLEM"

LONDON, Dec. 6.

It is learnt that the Conference in addition to discussing defence also started debate on Federal Finance which was opened by Sir S. Hoare who emphasised the importance of both central and provincial governments starting in freedom from deficits. He said that Federal Government would need whole of present income and indicated the impossibility, therefore, of transferring Income Tax to provinces, since in that event the latter would be compelled indefinitely to repay the amount realised from provincial contributions and it would be unwise to contemplate indefinite continuation of contributions.

Sir S. Hoare is reported to have said that Government were most anxious to give provinces real autonomy, but he believed that nobody was prepared to establish Federal Government with insufficient revenue. Federal Government would not be solvent unless it was given a main part of present income tax. Taking India as a whole, both in the centre and provinces, receipts this year were not expected to balance the expenditure. They were, therefore, faced with a twofold problem, firstly, devising emergency measures to enable reforms to be introduced and secondly, embodying in the constitution permanent provisions for adoption of taxation powers and resources.

SPECIAL TAXATION.

As the financial position improved, certain specified heads of the central revenue would be transferred and provision would be made for imposition by the Federal Government of special taxation for the benefit of units, in which connection excises were mentioned. Sir Samuel Hoare feared that provinces would regard arrangement as a poor substitute for the Peel plan, but the financial stability of the centre was vital. Sir S Hoare referred also to separation of Sind, and Orissa, which was linked up with the whole problem and pointed out that the British Government accepted principle of separation of Sind subject to satisfactory financial arrangements. This was also accepted last year by the Round Table Conference.

SIND PROBLEM.

Sir S. Hoare considered it satisfactory that the Brayne's report provided reasonable working hypothesis but he considered that the Government of India sharing accumulating interest on the Lloyd Barrage debt between Bombay and Sind would be inequitable to Bombay and inconsistent with the principles on which separation ought to be effected. Initial deficit of three-quarters of a crore to be extinguished in 15 years must, therefore, be contemplated, and the Round Table Conference must take this into account in discussing the federal finance.

As regards Orissa it was impossible to make so definite statement but the possibility of separation must be considered. The British Government had not yet reached a decision, though an announcement might shortly be expected. Meanwhile, the Round Table Conference should consider the financial difficulties involved.—Reuter.

Italian Girl Flier Killed

PLANE CRASHES AT CYRENAICA

CAIRO, Dec. 6.

A well-known Italian girl flier, Gabi Angelini, who was flying from Italy to India, crashed and was killed at Cyrenaica.

Angelini was only sixteen and she left Benghazi yesterday accompanied by an Italian military aeroplane but lost touch with the escorting machine in thick fog.

Her dead body was found twelve feet from the wreckage of the aeroplane.—Reuter.

TEST SCORE AT A GLANCE

AUSTRALIA (1st innings)	360
AUSTRALIA (2nd innings for 9 wickets	164
ENGLAND (1st innings)	524

(Details on page 8).

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A R8575

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A R8578

WANTED—ELECTRICIAN conversant with Motor repairs and Light installation. Preferred man used to maintenance work in mills using Alternating Current. Please apply with testimonials and stating salary to THE WESTERN INDIA MATCH CO., LTD., Clutterbuckganj, P. O. (near Bareilly).
A R 8563

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WANTED—CANDIDATES for Electrical, Automobile, Wireless, Telegraph, Commercial classes opening shortly. Rail-fare paid. Rules on 2 anna stamps. IMPERIAL GUILD INSTITUTE, Bombay, 18.
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A R8573

WANTED—Highly Educated LADY COMPANION SECRETARY for high class state. Salary Rs. 200. Apply with photograph and testimonials: Box No. 1913, Advt. Dept., 'Bombay Chronicle."
A R8576

APPLICATIONS ARE INVITED from MAHAMMODANS for the post of a clerk in the Currency Office, Bombay, on a salary of Rs. 55/- per month in the scale Rs. 55—4—95—3—125. The candidates should have passed at least the MATRICULATION Examination of any Indian University. No cash security will be required. Applications should reach the DEPUTY CONTROLLER of the Currency, Bombay before 3rd January, 1933.
A 5920

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P R8569

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TO LET—CHOWPATI—For High-class Hindus only, 2nd floor, "Ghelabhai Mansion," No. 45, Chowpatty Road (behind Wilson College). Inquire on the premises
C R8550

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SEE that you always buy "O. K." Teas because they are reliable and delicious Swadeshi Teas. "SVADESHI", Hornby Road, Bombay.
T 5833

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FOR SALE—Big Stock EMPTY STEEL OIL and TAR DRUMS, forty gallons, complete with Bungs also sale different sizes of Drums Bungs, delivery for Bombay or Calcutta. Offers invited. Telegraphic address: OILPIT. Apply PHOENIX OIL COMPANY, 62, Muktaram Babu Street, Calcutta.
N 5900

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Public Notices

Kirloskar Brothers, Limited, Kirloskarvadi

NOTICE

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the TWELFTH ANNUAL GENERAL MEETING of the Company will be held at the Business Office of the Company at Kirloskarvadi (Aundh State), Distt. Satara, on SATURDAY, the 17th December, 1932, at 4 P.M. to transact the following business:—

1. To receive and adopt Directors' Report and audited Balance Sheet and Profit and Loss Account made upto 31st July, 1932
2. To sanction the Declaration of a Dividend.
3. To elect Directors in place of Mr. B.B. Sardesai and Dr. Dinkar Sakharam Sardesai, who retire by rotation and are eligible for re-election and they offer themselves for re-election
4. To appoint Auditor or Auditors for the current year and to fix their remuneration.
5. To transact any other business the Chairman may bring before the meeting.

The TRANSFER BOOKS of the Company will be CLOSED from 15th December, 1932, to 30th December, 1932, both days inclusive.

By Order of the Board,
KIRLOSKAR SONS & CO.,
Managing Agents
Kirloskarvadi (Aundh State),
(Distt. Satara).
4th December, 1932.

N.B.—After the sanction of the Dividend in the above General Meeting, the Dividend Warrants will be sent from 15th February, 1933, to those shareholders whose names are on the Register on 17th December, 1932.
5922.

Bombay Telephone Company, Limited.

NOTICE

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the DEBENTURE STOCK TRANSFER REGISTER and the REGISTER OF DEBENTURE STOCK-HOLDERS will be closed from 18th day of December to 31st day of December, 1932 (both days inclusive) for preparation of Interest Warrants

R. H. PARKER.
General Manager & Secretary.
Bombay, 5th December, 1932.
5914

Legal Notices

In The High Court Of Judicature At Bombay

TESTAMENTARY & INTESTATE JURISDICTION.

GEORGE V, by the Grace of God, of Great Britain, Ireland and the British Dominions beyond the Seas King, Defender of the Faith, Emperor of India.

Petition for Succession Certificate in respect of Certain debts and securities belonging to the estate of KASHINATH NANABHAI PATHARE alias K. NANABHAI, late of Pathare Kshatriya Hindu Inhabitant, residing at Dadar, outside the Fort ..... Deceased.

Bai SUMATIBAI, widow of Kashinath Nanabhai Pathare, of Bombay Pathare Kshatriya Hindu Inhabitant, residing at 299A, Cadell Road, Dadar, outside the Fort .... Petitioner.

All persons claiming to have any interest in the estate of the abovenamed deceased are hereby cited to come and see the Proceedings if they think fit before the Grant of Succession Certificate.

Witness SIR JOHN WILLIAM FISHER BEAUMONT, Knight Chief Justice at Bombay aforesaid this Twenty-fourth day of November, in the year of Our Lord One thousand nine hundred and Thirty-two and in the Twenty-third year of Our Reign.

Seal of the High Court at Bombay

R. B. PATEL.
Prothonotary & Senior Master.
H. A. VAKIL.

The 24th day of November, 1932.
Messrs. AMIN & DESAI,
Petitioners' Attorneys.
5929

Legal Notices

NOTICE

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that Mr. PUNAMCHAND GAJAJI has purchased the property hereunder described at the Auction Sale, held on the 30th day of November, 1932, under the instructions from Messrs. Shastri and Co., Attorneys for the Surviving Mortgagee Shah Kasiur Parkaji and on account and at the risk of Sulemanji Jaferji Soudagar, the Mortgagor in exercise of the Power of Sale contained in the Indenture of Mortgage, dated the 27th November, 1925, made between the Mortgagor of the one part and the Surviving Mortgagee and Rama Bhimji of the other part. All persons having or claiming any share, right, title, claim, or interest to, in, upon or in respect of the said property or any part thereof either by way of inheritance, purchase, gift, mortgage, charge, trust, lease, sale, lien, easement, or otherwise howsoever, are hereby required to make the same known in writing to the Assessor and Collector of Municipal Rates and Taxes, Bombay, and also to the undersigned at their Office at 35, Hamam Street, within the Fort of Bombay, within 14 days from the date hereof otherwise the purchase will be completed without regard to such claims, if any, which will then be deemed to have been waived.

DESCRIPTION OF THE PROPERTY.

ALL THAT piece or parcel of perpetual Fazandari land or ground with the messuage tenement or dwelling house standing thereon situate on the Northern side of Duncan Road otherwise called Falkland Road in the Island and Registration District of Bombay and containing by admeasurement five hundred and sixty-one square yards or thereabouts be the same a little more or less and assessed by the Municipality under D Ward Nos. 2216(2) and 2218 and Street No. 4A and New Survey No. 5540 and bearing Cadestral Survey No. 910 of Girgaum Division and bounded on or towards the north and East by the property of Bachoobai, widow of Dorabji Burjorji Cooper, on or towards the South partly by the property of Haji Dada Haji Rahimtoola and partly by that of Shivnarayen Saheb Guru of Dakh Haran Temple, and on or towards the West partly by the property of Dhunjibhoy and partly by Falkland Road Cross Lane.

Dated this 6th day of Dec. 1932.
SHASTRI & CO.
Purchaser's Attorneys.
5928.

NOTICE

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that FATMABIBI, widow of Mohamedalli Mohamed Esmail Dalvi, Bai BANOOBAI, daughter of Mohamedalli Mohamed Esmail Dalvi and wife of Mohamed Hussein Noorooddin Dalvi, SHAIKH DAWOOD NOOROODIN DALVI and MOHAMED HUSSEIN NOOROODDIN DALVI, all of Bombay Kokni Mohamedan Inhabitants have contracted to sell the undermentioned property to our clients.

All persons having any claim against or to the said property by way of inheritance, mortgage, sale, gift, lease, lien, charge, trust, maintenance, easement or otherwise howsoever are hereby required to make the same known in writing to the undersigned at their Office at No. 94, Meadows Street, Fort, Bombay, within 14 days from the date hereof, otherwise the sale will be completed without reference to such claims and the same, if any, will be considered as waived.

THE SCHEDULE OF THE PROPERTY.

All that piece or parcel of Quit and Ground rent land or ground together with the messuage tenement or dwelling house standing thereon situate, lying and being at Grant Road, outside the Fort of Bombay, in the Registration Sub-District of Bombay and assessed by the Collector of Land Revenue under Old No. 1240, New No. 8407, Old Survey No. 2303-2304 and New Survey No. 3756 and assessed by the Collector of Municipal Taxes under "E" Ward No. 2(2), Street No. 33, New Street No. 14-16 and containing by admeasurement 135 square yards or thereabouts and bearing Cadastral Survey No. 1290 of Byculla Division and bounded as follows, that is to say. on or towards the East by the property of Hawabibi and others and beyond that by Shaikh Buran Camruddin Street, on or towards the West by Sweeper's passage and beyond that by the property of Hafiz Rasulbhai and Haji Abdulla, on or towards the North by the property of Haji Cassum Haji Habib Bhimdiwalla and on or towards the South by Grant Road.

Dated this 6th day of December, 1932.
(Sd). MAZAGONWALLA & CO.,
Purchasers' Attorneys.
5927

Legal Notices

NOTICE

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that ABDULHUSSEIN SAMSUDDIN SISAWALLA, of Bombay Borah Mahomedan Inhabitant has contracted to sell the undermentioned property to our client.

That any person having any claim or interest in or to the said property by way of sale, mortgage, charge, trust, lien, possession, gift, inheritance, lease, or otherwise howsoever is hereby required to make the same known in writing to the undersigned at their office at 36, Tamarind Lane, Tamarind House, Fort, Bombay and to the Assessor and Collector of Municipal Rates and Taxes within 14 days from the date hereof, otherwise the sale will be completed without any regard to any such claim or interest and the same, if any, will be considered as waived.

DESCRIPTION OF THE PROPERTY

The two pieces or parcels of quit and ground rent land, having combined into one with the messuage, tenement or dwelling house standing thereon situate at Mutton Street, admeasuring 186 sq. yds. or thereabouts and in the Registration Sub-District of Bombay and is registered in the Books of the Collector of land Revenue of Bombay under Collector's Old No. 1486, 1499, New Nos. 8654, 8657, Old Survey Nos. 968-969 and New Survey Nos. 4262 and 4261 and Current Roll No. 3510, 3500 and which said premises are assessed by the Municipality under C Ward No. 7123, 7124 and Old Street 133, 135, 137 and 139 and New No. 55, 57 and 59 and bounded as follows i.e. on or towards the East Sweeper's passage, on or towards the West Mutton Street, on or towards the North formerly by the property of Fakruddin Sidik but now of Mahomedalli Ghulamhussein Ebrahim Ghanchi and on or towards the South by the property of Mahomedalli Patrawalla and both the said pieces of land bearing cadastral Survey No. 4186 of Bhuleswar Division.

Bombay dated this 6th day of December, 1932.
GHULAMALI NOORANI & CO.,
Attorneys for the Purchasers.
5919

In the High Court of Judicature At Bombay

TESTAMENTARY & INTESTATE JURISDICTION

GEORGE V, by the Grace of God, of Great Britain, Ireland and the British Dominions beyond the Seas King, Defender of the Faith Emperor of India.

Petition for Probate of the Will of SATYAWANT WASOODEW NOWRUNGAY, alias S. W. B. NOWRUNGAY or W. B. NOWRUNGAY of Bombay Hindu Inhabitant at the time of his death residing at Labernum Road, Gamdevi, outside the Fort of Bombay and carrying on business as merchant and commission agent in crucibles at Sandhurst Road and Abdul Rehman Street, both outside the Fort of Bombay, in the firm name and style of "W. B. Nowrungay" also described as "W. B. Nowrungay & Co." ..... Deceased.

Mrs. RAMABAI NOWRUNGAY, of Bombay Hindu Inhabitant residing at Wassoodew Bhuvan Labernum Road, outside the Fort of Bombay, the widow and the sole Executrix of the Will of the deceased abovenamed Petitioner

All persons claiming to have any interest in the Estate of the abovenamed deceased are hereby cited to come and see the Proceedings, if they think fit, before the Grant of Probate.

Witness SIR JOHN WILLIAM FISHER BEAUMONT, Knight, Chief Justice at Bombay aforesaid, this sixth day of December in the Year of Our Lord One Thousand Nine Hundred and Thirty Two and in the Twenty Third Year of Our Reign.

Seal of the High Court at Bombay

(Sd.) R. B. PATEL
Prothonotary & Senior Master.
(Sd.) H. A. VAKIL.

The 6th day of December, 1932.
MESSRS. D. N. REGE & CO.,
Petitioner's Attorneys.
5924

Legal Notices

NOTICE

ESTATE OF ANNIE MAUD FENNER, DECEASED

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that all persons claiming debts or liabilities affecting the estate of the abovenamed Annie Maud Fenner alias A. M. Fenner, deceased, who died at Bombay, on or about the 3rd day of March, 1931, and the Letters of Administration of whose estate having effect throughout the Presidency of Bombay were granted on the 26th day of September, 1932, to Millicent Spencer of Bombay are hereby required to send in their claims to the said Administratrix at the Office of Messrs. Pandia and Co., her Attorneys, within one calendar month from the date hereof at the expiration of which time the said administratrix will hand over the estate to the persons entitled thereto having regard only to the claims of which she shall then have notice.

All persons owing any monies to or holding any property or securities of the said deceased are hereby required to pay the said debt or deliver the said property or securities forthwith to the said administratrix or to her said attorneys.

Dated this 6th day of December 1932.
PANDIA & CO.,
Attorneys for the Administratrix.

Address:
110, Medows Street, Fort,
Bombay.
5925

AUCTION SALES

CRAWFORD & Co.,

AUCTION SALE OF VALUABLE IMMOVABLE PROPERTY AT VANKA MOHALLA, BOMBAY.

Under instructions from and by the order of the Mortgagees and at the risk and on account of the Mortgagor Ebrahim Esmail Cassum Kamudia and in pursuance and exercise of the power of sale contained in the Indenture of Mortgage, Messrs. CRAWFORD & Co., Auctioneers, will, on Wednesday the 14th of December 1932 at 5 p.m. (S.T.) sell by public auction on the premises the undermentioned property:—

DESCRIPTION OF THE PROPERTY.

All that piece or parcel of land or ground of the Pension and Tax tenure together with the messuage tenement or dwelling house standing thereon situate at Vanka Moholla in the District and Registration Sub-district of Bombay containing by admeasurement 250 square yards or thereabouts and registered in the books of the Collector of Land Revenue under New Nos. 1706-08 and 1723 and New Survey Nos. 1158 and 160 Cadastral Survey Nos. 728 and 727 Bhuleshwar Division and bounded on or towards the East by Colbhat Lane, on or towards the West by Vanka Moholla, on or towards the North by a sweepers passage and beyond that by the house of Sorabji Rustomji Nariman and on or towards the South by the property of Ardeshir Jamsetji Bhaiiwalla and which said premises are assessed by the Collector of Municipal Rates and Taxes under C Ward Nos. 3196-97 and formerly Street Nos. 6 and 7 now Nos. 9-11.

For further particulars and conditions of sale, apply to Messrs Dallas & Co., attorneys for the Mortgagees, at their office at 116-120, Meadows Street, Fort, Bombay, or to the undersigned.

CRAWFORD & CO.

DALAL MEHTA & Co.,

AUCTIONEERS,
Agakhan Building, Dalal Street, Fort.

AUCTION SALE OF DYED RUGS.

Under instructions from Messrs. Nagindas Hooseinally & Co., Attorneys for Messrs. J. Kishanlal Rupchand of Bangalore, Messrs. DALAL MEHTA & CO., Auctioneers, will sell by Public Auction on WEDNESDAY, the 7th Day of December, 1932, at 3-30 P.M. (S.T.) in the afternoon at the shop of Messrs. Jivatrai Mishrilal, situate at Champa Gully, near Mulji Jetha Market, 59 bales of Dyed Rugs No. 1000 and 474 bales of dyed rugs No. 808 of The Bangalore Woollen, Coitton & Silk Mills Co., Ltd., on account and at the risk of Messrs. KODARLAL JAVERDAS, the defaulting purchasers who have failed to take delivery of the same. The conditions of the sale will be read at the time of the Auction.

For further particulars, please apply to Messrs Jivatrai Mishrilal at their shop, Champa Gully, near Mulji Jetha Market.

DALAL MEHTA & CO.

N.Y.K. LINE

FOR COLOMBO, SINGAPORE, CHINA & JAPAN.

Passage Rates from Bombay.

PORTS	Single. 1st	Single. 2nd	Return. 1st	Return. 2nd
	£	£	£	£
COLOMBO	7	5	—	—
SINGAPORE	19	12	30	—
HONGKONG	26	17	—	30
SHANGHAI	30	19	50	30
KOBE	35	22	50	30
YOKOHAMA	36	23	50	30

* Reduced Rates from Colombo to Europe.
* Summer and All Year Round Trip fares from Orient to Pacific-Coast Ports.
* Special Through Rates Orient to Europe via America and Canada.

NIPPON YUSEN KAISHA

Cox's Building, Hornby Rd., Bombay.
Phone No. 20279.
Telegrams "YUSEN."

Bank of India, Ltd..

Established 7th September 1906.
(Incorporated under the Indian Company's Act VII of 1859).
Head Office:
Oriental Buildings, Bombay.
BRANCHES: Bullion Exchange (Shaikh Memon Street, Bombay); Poona; Bandra; Calcutta; Ahmedabad; Rajkot and Surat.

LONDON AGENTS:

The Westminster Bank, Ltd.
Capital Subscribed Rs. 2,00,00,000
Capital Paid-up Rs. 1,00,00,000
Reserved Fund ... 92,00,000

CURRENT DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS.

From 25th December to 25th June interest is allowed at 2-1/2 per cent. on daily balance of Rs. 300 to Rs. 1,00,000. From 25th June to 25th December interest is allowed at 2 per cent. on daily balance. On sums exceeding Rs. 1,00,000 interest is allowed by special arrangement. No interest will be allowed which does not amount to Rs. 5 per half year.

FIXED DEPOSITS.

Deposits are received fixed for one year or for shorter periods at rates of interest which can be ascertained on application.

SAVINGS BANK ACCOUNTS opened. Rules may be obtained on application.

The Bank acts as Executor and Trustee under Wills and Settlements and undertakes Trustee business generally. Rules on application.

A.G. GRAY,
Manager.

EARN Rs. 300 A MONTH

By learning by post or personally soap-making from the first and foremost institution in India. Many Soap Teachers and factory owners of India, Burma, Ceylon, Arabia, Persia, China, etc. are our students. Write for particulars to Principal.

SOAP TRAINING HOUSE,
Saidpur (Rangpur) Bengal.

AUCTION SALES

SORABJEE COWASJEE & CO.

AUCTIONEERS.

123, Medows St., Fort, BOMBAY.

IMPORTANT TO PRIVATE BUYERS OF JEWELLERY AND TO JEWELLERS

Sale of 3 packets diamonds on Friday the 9th December, 1932, at 3 p.m. (S.T.) at the Sale Rooms of the Auctioneers under instructions from Messrs. Dolatchand Amichand and Sitapchand Amichand the pledgees and on account and at the risk of Mr. Chhotalal Ishwardas Parekh, the pledger.

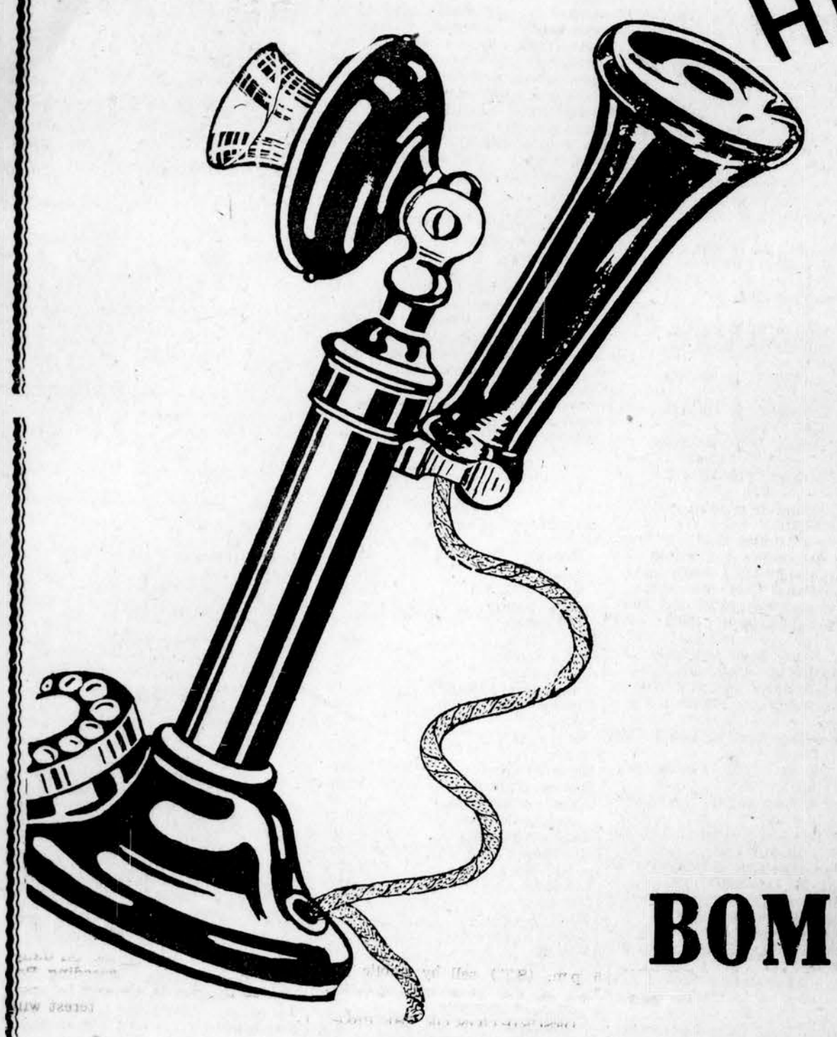
Lot No. 1.—1 Packet 133 diamonds.
Lot No. 2.—1 Packet 121 diamonds and 1 ruby.
Lot No. 3.—1 Packet 282 diamonds.

Will be on view on the day of sale.

25 per cent deposit will be required at the time of sale and the balance shall be paid and articles removed immediately after the close of the sale.

SORABJEE COWASJEE & CO.

Digitized with financial assistance from the Government of Maharashtra on 15 December, 2016



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Do you realise that a Telephone in your Bungalow costs you only Rs. 17/- a month?

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HOME STREET. FORT, BOMBAY.

CONSTABLES' STRUGGLE WITH ARMED MAVALI

INCIDENT NEAR GOLPITHA

Sequel To Way-laying Pedestrians

BOMBAY, Tuesday.

A daring adventure of two police constables of the Lamington Road Police Station, who escaped death while arresting a Muslim who had run amok and was threatening pedestrians if they did not pay money was narrated in the Court of Mr. I. N. Mehta, Presidency Magistrate, Girgaon, when the case of one Nabhijankhan Idraskhan, who is charged with attempted murder of two police constables came up for hearing.

WAY-LAYING PEDESTRIANS.

Ramdihal Rampadarat, a Police constable giving evidence stated that on the night of September 30, he was doing patrol duty near Golpitha. At about 9-30 two Hindus approached him and complained to him that a few Mahomedans were waylaying the Hindus and threatening to assault them with knives if they did not pay them some money. While these Hindus were telling their story another police constable also came from the Falkland Road side and informed Ramdihal about the threat that was being offered by the Muslims. While the two constables and Hindus were talking, a Muslim passed along the footpath and the Hindus pointed him out to the constables and said that he was one of the three Muslims.

STABBED THE CONSTABLE.

Ramdihal followed the Muslim from behind and caught him. The Muslim turned round and stabbed the constable on the left arm and managed to extricate himself and ran into the Kharva gully. Though bleeding, the constable followed the Muslim only to get stabbed again by the Muslim in the lane. The Muslim went and hid himself in a latrine. The constable tried to follow him but fell down unconscious.

RUSHED WITH OPEN KNIFE

Shanker La[illegible]h giving evidence stated that on the night in question he was informed near Golpitha that a constable was being stabbed by a Muslim. He got into a tax. and hurried up the spot. A crowd had collected in Kharva Gully and the police constable had fallen unconscious. He was informed the Muslim had hid himself in a latrine nearby. The Police Naik challenged the Muslim to come out. The Muslim in turn replied from inside that he would kill him if he came further up. When the Police Naik was repeating his warning to the Muslim, the Muslim suddenly darted out from the latrine with an open penknife and stabbed the police naik also. The Police Naik although bleeding from his hand raised his stick and gave a heavy blow which fell the Muslim. The Muslim was overpowered and the knife was taken out of his hands. The two constables and the Muslim were removed to the J. J. Hospital for treatment.

Further hearing has been postponed to Wednesday.

GUJARATI YOUTH COMMITS SUICIDE

Over-dose Of Opium

BOMBAY, Tuesday.

Financial difficulties and inability to pay up dues are said to be the cause for one Hirji Tulsidas, a Gujarati youth taking an overdose of opium with the intention of committing suicide.

At an inquest held this morning over his body by the Coroner of Bombay, it was stated that last night Hirji came home at about 8 and he and the others at home went to sleep at 11. Early in the morning his wife tried to wake up Hirji and found him lying unconscious. She sent for her brother-in-law, who removed him to the G. T. Hospital where he died 10 minutes after admission. Hirji had left a note behind saying that as he had not been able to pay up his dues he had taken opium with the intention of ending his life.

"Death due to suicidal dose of opium" was the verdict returned by the Coroner's jury.

"FUTURE OF INDIA" DEPENDENT ON ARMY"

"Present Rate Of Indianisation Inadequate"

LONDON, Decr. 6.

The question whether responsible Ministers should have a voice in the administration of the army, its size, and military budget, were apparently among the principal points on Monday's lengthy discussion on defence. Sir T. B. Sapru is understood to have declared that India would be satisfied if the Rawlinson Report was carried out, and urged that the Legislature should have some influence on the administration of the Army, while in pursuance of Indianisation. He was unable to conceive of any Legislature denying the amount required for Defence. He also asked for information regarding the reduction of British troops. He is reported to have favoured a non-official defence member, and also a non-official Army Expenditure Committee to advise the Governor-General whose decision, however, would be final.

BRITISH LIBERAL VIEWPOINT.

It is understood that Lord Reading put the British Liberal viewpoint after which Lord Winterton is reported to have emphasised that the future of India was dependent upon the Army. He pointed out that Government had not accepted the Rawlinson Report.

Sir Purshottamdas Thakurdas is understood to have raised the question whether employment of Indian troops outside India was to be dependent on the consent of the Legislature, and maintained that a suitable non-official to take charge of Defence would be easily obtained.

ISOLATION DISAPPROVED.

Mr. Jayakar is said to have contended that Indians had made any concessions to the British viewpoint, and urged that the military department must not be isolated from the civil administration. He was of opinion that a non-official with the Commander-in-Chief would be an ideal combination.

Col. Gidney, who reminded that he was the only member of the Sandhurst Committee present, thought that the present rate of Indianisation was inadequate but efficiency must be the determining factor. He criticised the fact that it was intended to nationalise Commissioned officers but the rank and file was to be confined to martial races, and Mahrattas, depressed classes and Anglo-Indians, would not be admitted. All should be allowed to enter the army.

LEGISLATIVE ASSEMBLY'S "IGNORANCE."

He did not agree to the reduction of British troops at present, but certain ancilliary services could safely and efficiently be Indianised. He disagreed with the interference of the final authority of the Governor-General, but the Assembly was at present ignorant of army matters, and it was imperative to establish closer union between the Legislature and administration of the army.—Reuter's Special.

Tegart's Misleading Propaganda

CALCUTTA MAYOR'S EXPOSURE

CALCUTTA, December 5.

When the Calcutta Corporation met to-day to discuss the subject raised by Sir Charles Tegart in speech delivered in England and reaffirmed in an interview to a London newsbaper, that the Calcutta Corporation "has provided terrorists and their relatives with jobs largely in the capacity of teachers", Dr. B. C. Roy, Mayor, made a lengthy speech in the course of which he said that the Corporation wanted to defer their judgment until they got an authenticated copy of the speech. Since then, said the Mayor, the European Association had published a copy of the speech in the form of a book for the consumption of people here.

"Reuter is, however, responsible for forwarding the news that appeared in the papers to-day that Sir Charles Tegart has in an interview reiterated his charges against the Calcutta Corporation.

"A DELIBERATE LIE."

The Mayor proceeded to say "so far as the subject matter of the charges is concerned I repeat what I have said before, that it is absolutely unwarranted and a deliberate lie and calumny uttered at a crucial moment to mislead the uninformed, and create unjustifiable prejudice against the Calcutta Corporation, the biggest self-governing institution in the whole of India."

Drawing the attention of the House to the words used by Sir Charles in his speech wherein he said one of the earliest acts of the late Mr. C. R. Das when he was elected Mayor of the Calcutta Corporation was to call for applications from those who suffered in the country's cause. The Mayor said that he did not know and he was perfectly sure there is nothing on record of the Corporation to indicate what Mr. C. R. Das did in this direction, when he was elected Mayor. But assuming that he did call for such applications where was anything wrong in it. Mr. Das as Mayor has suffered imprisonment so had also the then chief Executive Officer, Mr. Subhas Bose, and so had also some of councillors of the Calcutta Corporation elected by ratepayers. 'All of them suffered "in the country's cause." It was one thing to use these expressions, but it is quite another to glibly and insidiously pass on to the next sentence where he said "the result has been that for years this civic body was providing terrorists and their relatives largely with jobs in the capacity of teachers.—A. P.

Nagpur.—The Annual Public Health Report of the Central Provinces and Berar for the last year says that 136 cases of snakebite are reported to have been treated in various hospitals out of which 132 were cured and four died.—A. P.

THE CHARM THAT CAPTIVATES

Too precious to risk is the subtle, Alluring Charm of natural beauty—the delicate bloom, the clear, fresh skin of healthy youth. Your complexion deserves the protection which

AFGHAN SNOW

alone can give. This fragrent soothing snow will keep your skin free from roughness and redness in all weathers. Use this snow Regularly on face, arms and on hands.

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E. S. PATANWALA, Bombay 3.
Factory:—at Connaught Rd.
BOMBAY.

EAST & WEST

INSURANCE COMPANY, LIMITED.

(Established 1913.)

Valuation Report

For the Triennium ending 31st December, 1931

REVEALS CERTAIN STRIKING FEATURES.

The Real Criterion of Prosperity is the substantial Surplus disclosed after a servere test by the Actuary.

Surplus disclosed is nearly 5½ times more than that disclosed at the last Valuation.

Interim Bonus Rs. 15 per 1,000 per Year

both on Whole Life and Endowment With Profit Policies becoming claims before 1st January, 1934.

Forecast:—STILL GREATER PROSPERITY.

For Prospects, Valuation Report & Agency Terms apply to:—

THE MANAGER,
East and West Buildings,
Apollo Street, Fort, BOMBAY.

WANTED

FOR

INDIA EQUITABLE INSURANCE Co., Ltd

A few DISTRICT AGENTS in Karnataka, Gujarat, Kathiawar, and Khandesh and Special Agents on Special Terms to work in the City and Suburbs of Bombay. The candidates must be fairly educated and well connected and must possess some knowledge of this business. Eligible candidates will be taken on encouraging monthly allowance and liberal commission.

Apply to THE SECRETARY, BOMBAY BRANCH,
Co[illegible]ilding Hornby Road, Fort, BOMBAY.

Market Awaiting Next American Bureau Report

TRADE BUYING AND LONG LIQUIDATION

Indicated Crop Over 12,200,000 Bales

BOMBAY, Dec. 6.

The New York Cotton Futures Market was nervous and irregular awaiting the next American Bureau Report. It is generally expected that the Government report will be over 12,200,000 Bales. The average guess of the members of the New York Cotton Exchange is 121.46,000 bales and the American Cotton Crop Service estimates the crop 12,108,000 Bales. The market is prepared for a figure in the neighbourhood of 12¼ million bales and to that extent the report is discounted.

The New York Cotton Exchange Service in cable states as under:

"World consumption all cotton first quarter of the Season 5,823,000 bales against last season 5,774,000. World supply including unpicked crop end of October 34,055,000 against 34,707,000 bales. Domestic clothes slow, business unchanged, commodities lower."

The New York Market opened at a decline of 2 points but advanced 5 points from the opening level on trade buying. At the advance there was increased long liquidation which depressed prices 7 points from the highest level and the market closed at a decline of 4 to 7 points. Spot Cotton prices declined 5 points at 5.70 c.

The New Orleans Cotton Futures market was quiet and closed at a decline of 6 to 7 points. Spot cotton prices declined 7 points at 5.56 c.

The Liverpool Cotton Futures Market opened unchanged. Debt situation was the chief influencing factor and prices advanced on easier Exchange. In the afternoon prices reacted on easier Exchange. Trading was mostly local and operators were hesitants. The market closed at a decline of 2 to 3 points. Middling American Spot Cotton prices declined 2 points at 5.12d.

East Indian Cotton Futures declined 3 points and Egyptian cotton prices closed 13 to 15 points lower.

The Alexandria Cotton Market was weak again and closed at a further decline of 27 to 34 points.

PRIVATE CABLES.

New York January highest 5.63 plus .03 lowest 5.56 — .04.

New York March highest 5.74 (1-6 p.m.) lowest 5.65 (1-25 p.m.)

Messrs. Patel Bros. have received the following cables:—

11-21 a.m.: Continued long liquidation.

8-42 p.m.: Market uncertain, awaiting developments regarding Congress and Sterling.

Private Crop Estimates: Members of New York Cotton Exchange 12,146,000 bales.

American cotton crop service 12,108,000 bales.

Messrs. Drennan and Co., have received the following cables.—

Messrs. E. J. Schwabach Co., New York "Trade demand moderate, outside interest awaiting Congressional development."

Messrs. A. J. Buston and Co., Homerlryk Department, Liverpool: "New York cables believe Hoover will veto domestic allotment plan if Congress passes."

Messrs. Chunilal Mehta and Co. have received to-day the following cable information from their foreign friends:—

Liverpool: Hoover addressing Congress noon to-morrow.

New York. Rather better feeling is caused by indications of broadening trade buying at this level. Report expected to indicate a crop over 1,22,00,000 according to private estimates.

New York: Covering. Trade buying. Hedging light. Trade expects Tuesdays estimate about 1,23,00,000.

NEW YORK COTTON.

New York, December 5.

January	5.56—.04
March	5.65—.07
May	5.76—.65
July	5.85—.05
October	6.01—.04
Middling Spot	5.70—.05

NEW ORLEANS COTTON.

New York, December 5.

December	5.52—.06
January	5.51—.07
Middling Spot	5.56—.07

NEW YORK.

New York, December 5.

New York 10-55 a.m.

(As known in Liverpool closing time):—

January	5.58
March	5.69
May	5.79

NEW YORK NOON CALL.

January	5.59
March	5.70
May	5.80

NEW YORK COTTON STATISTICS.

New York, December 5.

	Bales.
Day's Receipts at all U.S. Ports	46,000
Day's Exports to Great Britain	20,000
Day's Exports to the Continent	45,000

LIVERPOOL COTTON.

Liverpool December 5.

10-10 a.m. To-day's Quotations Price.

December 1932	....	4.83—.02
January 1933	4.92	4.89—.02
February 1933	....	4.90—.03
March 1933	4.93	4.91—.03
April 1933	....	4.92—.02
May 1933	4.94	4.93—.02
June 1933	....	4.93—.02
July 1933	4.94	4.94—.02
August 1933	....	4.94—.02
September 1933	....	4.94—.02
October 1933	4.94	4.95—.02
November	....	4.96—.02
December	....	4.97—.03
Middling Spot	....	5.12—.02

INDIAN COTTON

Liverpool, December 5.

Broach, Fully Good (good staple)	4.71
Fine (good staple)	4.83
Superfine (good staple) C.P.	4.95
Oomra, good (No. 1 staple)	4.80
Superfine (No. 1 staple)	4.95
Choice (No. 1 staple)	5.10
Bengal, good	4.02
Fully good	4.12
Fine	4.22
Scinde, Fully good	4.12
Fine	4.22
Superfine	4.32

WHEAT—BALTIC EXCHANGE

London, December 5.

Rozario Santa Fe per 64 lb. Corgoes 24 Jan.|Feb. sellers.

Barletta Russo, per 64 lb. Cargoes 24 Jan.|Feb sellers.

Wheat South Australian Parcels. 25 January paid and buyer.

Wheat Choice White Karachi No offers.

JAVA SUGAR—LONDON MARKET.

London, December 5.

Java Sugar, fine white Dutch Standard No. 25 c. and f. Calcutta December per cwt. 8|1-1|2 nominal.

C and f. Bombay, December per cwt 2|9 nominal.

C and f. Karachi, December per cwt. 7|9 nominal.

COFFEE—NEW YORK MARKET.

London, December 5.

Fair R'o Coffee (No.7 quality)

EGYPTIAN COTTON

Liverpool, December 5.

SAKELLARIDIS:—	
December	6.27
January, 1933	6 45
March 1933	6.59
May 1933	6 69
July 1933	6.77
October 1933	6.90
November 1933	6.90
Middling Spot	6.66

LONDON PRODUCE.

London, December 5.

Cottonseed Bombay (Hull) c.i.f. ton: No offers.

Castorseed Bombay (Hull) c.i.f. ton £12|6|3 Dec.Jan. Sellers.

Rapeseed Toria Hull|Continent £12|5|0 Dec|Jan. Sellers.

LINSEED.

London, December 5.

Linseed Calcutta (London) ton £10|17|6 Dec|Jan. Sellers.

Linseed La Plata c.i.f. Hull ton £9|0|0 Dec|Jan. Sellers.

Linseed Bombay (London) ton £11|11|3 Dec|Jan. Sellers.

LINSEED.

London, December 5.

Linseed Oil naked, London per cwt. 16|4—1|2 Dec. Sellers.

Linseed Oil naked, London per cwt. 17|4—1|2 Jan|Apl. Sellers.

LONDON EXCHANGES.

London, Dec. 5.

T T London on Berlin	13.47
T T London on Amsterdam	7.96-1/4
T T London on Brussels	23 11-1/2
T T London on Madrid	39.25
T T London on Madrid	39.25
T T London on Berne	63.12
T T London on Paris	82 03
T T London on Prague	106.87
T T London on New York Closing Rate	3.20-3/8

THE SEEDS TRADERS' ASSOCIATION.

Bombay, Dec. 6.

Castorseeds May delivery opening Rs. 32-10; lowest Rs. 32-8-6; closing Rs. 32-13.

Groundnut Seeds February delivery opening Rs. 33; highest Rs. 33/4; lowest Rs. 32-13-6; closing Rs. 33/3/6.

Bombay Cotton

Bombay, Dec. 6.

Following a further decline of 4 points in New York futures, the local market was expected to-day at Rs. 196 for Broach A/M. delivery, but the market opened easy at Rs. 195. At the opening there was scattered short covering which improved prices to Rs. 195/12 but general selling followed and prices declined to 193. The feeling in the market is nervous and holders are losing confidence. The market is likely to be irregular pending the American Bureau report.

Later on there was sudden buying by Japanese. A prominent Bear operator was also reported covering and it was rumoured that promising cable is received from London over the political situation. Broach A./M. delivery readily advanced to Rs. 195/12. Liverpool market opened at a decline of 2 points. Mr Hoover is to address the U. S. A Congress next week. Our market ruled quiet and finally closed at 5-30 p.m. as under:—

Broach A./M 194/8.
Oomra D./J 172/8.
Oomra March 173/8
Bengal D./J 155.
Bengal March 156/8.

READY COTTON SALES.

Dec. 6.

28 Patel Cotton Bantva 38 off
72 Shapurji Bharoocha Veraval 151
35 Shapurji Bharoocha Palej 182
100 Viram Ladha Bhayavadar 23 off
40 Textile Mill Aurangabad 145
100 Motiram Vaghji Veraval 168½
100 Dawn Mill Abhor New 17 on
100 Mithabhai Nathoo Dhamangaon 10 on
57 Dawn Mill Kekri New 17 on
100 B Karshandas Katol 190

READY COTTON QUOTATIONS.

Bombay, Dec. 6.

	New	Old.
Bengal Superfine	170	160
Bengal Fine	165	155
Bengal F.G.	160	150
Sindh-Punjab fine	165	155
Sindh-Punjab F.G.	160	150
Wardha-Hingt Fine	190	170
Nagpur-Savner Fine	193	170
Yeotmal Fine	182	165
Arvi Fine	183	165
Ellichpur Fine	180	162
Amraoti Fine	180	160
Khamgaon-Akola Fine	180	160
Mulkapur Fine	175	155
Khandesh Fine	175	150
Muthia F.G.	.....	145
Jalna/Sailu F.G.	.....	148
Burwah-Sanavad F.G.	.....	150
Ujjain/Shujapur F.G.	.....	155
Broach F.G.	.....	180
Punjab/American F.G.		180
Punjab/American mix		170
Cambodia	.....	230
Miraj/Sangli	.....	190
Compta Good	.....	190
Bagalkot	.....	180
Busoga	.....	285
Kampala	.....	300

OFFICIAL COTTON ROOM RATES

Bombay, Dec. 6.

	Sup.	Fine	F.G.	Good.
M.G. Bengal U. P.	168	165	162	159
M.G. Rajputana & M.G. Panjab	167	164	161	158
M.G. Oomra No. 3	180	177	174	
M.G. Oomra No. 1	191	188	185	
M.G. Oomra No. 2	185	182	179	

COTTON OPTIONS.

Bombay, Dec. 6.

BROACH A/M.:—

Teji/Mandi Premium about Rs. 26/26½.

Teji on Rs. 225 Premium about Rs. 6.

Teji on Rs. 250 Premium about Rs. 3/3½.

Teji on Rs. 275 Premium about Rs. 2/2½.

Teji on Rs. 300 Premium about Rs. 1.

AMERICAN COTTON FIGURES.

F. P. Bales	1932-33	1931-32
Receipts to date 5-12-32	4955000	5390000
Receipts Yesterday 5/12/32	46000	30000
Exports to date 5/12/32	3298000	320000
Stock at Ports 2-12-32	4827000	4771000
Stock at Interior Towns 2-12-32	2246000	2208000
Stock at Liverpool 2-12-32	815000	789000
Visible Supply 2-12-32	9664000	9212000
Quantity in Sight 2-12-32	7710000	8652000
Quantity out of Sight 2-12-32	4850000	4637000

BOMBAY PRODUCE.

Bombay, Dec. 6.

Wheat May	4-10-6
Linseed May	6-9-9
Castorseed May	32-13-0
Groundnuts Feb.	33-3-6
Cottonseed May	3-1-0
Rapeseed March	7-4-0

LIVERPOOL WHEAT.

Liverpool, Dec. 5.

December	5-1-7/8
March	4.11

CHICAGO WHEAT.

CHICAGO, Dec. 5.

December	47-3/4
March	47-5/8

MALDISTRIBUTION OF GOLD

Choice Before America

"It is obvious that further gold shipments to the United States would only intensify the maldistribution of gold stocks which attempts at War Debt repayment have done much to create, and would prolong the present phase of undesirable currency instability. It is equally obvious, that apart altogether from budgetary questions, the Governments of Europe might be driven, were America to insist on the latter of the bond, into undisguised default as the only alternative to a scramble for dollars, accompanied by drastic restrictions on imports which would complete the economic chaos of the world. In America's hands lies the decision; and if it were a choice between cancellation and an inevitably frustrate attempt to make impossible payments, we would submit to the American people that the case for cancellation is overwhelming."—"The Economist."

LONDON SILVER.

London, Dec. 5.

Silver.—Market is steady.

Spot	17-9/15
Forward	17-11/16

LONDON GOLD.

London, Dec. 5.

Bars Gold Fine per oz. £6/10/-1/2

GOLD & SILVER

Bombay Dec. 6.

Ready Silver	52	9	0
December	52	10	0
January	53	0	0
Sovereigns Dec.	19	13	3
Sovereigns Jan.	19	11	9
Bar Gold Ready	31	10	0
December	31	10	0
January	31	8	6

LONDON DISCOUNT RATES.

London, Dec. 5.

Interest Day to Day Loan 0-1/2 pc.

Interest 7 Days Market Loan 0-3/4 p.c.

Bank Bills 3 months 0-7/8 p.c. to 0-15/16 p.c.

Bank Bills 6 months 1-1/8 p.c. to 1-3/16 p.c.

Fine Trade Bills 3 months 2-1/2 p.c. to 3 p.c.

Fine Trade Bills 6 months 2-1/2 p.c. to 3 p.c.

INDIAN COTTON FIGURES.

RECEIPTS INTO BOMBAY.

Bombay, Dec. 6.

In full-pressed Bales	2-days	Since 1st September. This year.
Khandesh	528	14,502
Central India	105	11,330
Barsi and Nagar	259	11,984
Hyderabad-Gaorani	271	3,566
Berar	1,644	38,327
Central Provinces	388	10,323
Total Oomras	3,195	90,032
Dholera	114	36,884
N.-W. Provinces	.....	1,425
Rajputana	222	12,640
Sind-Punjab	599	10,000
Broach	.....	5,158
Westerns Northerns	74	33,558
Coompta & Dharwar		31,825
Tinnevelly and Cambodia		3,184
Persian	.....	2,281
American	.....	4,394
Egyptian and African		21,845
Total	4,204	258,226

EXPORTS FROM BOMBAY.

1st Sept. to 1st Dec.

In full-pressed Bales	Yester day	This year.
Europe	1,282	80,496
Japan & China	1,925	144,414
Coast Ports	100	4,319
Up-country by Rail		30,551
Afloat in harbour for Europe, China and Japan		12,760
Total	3,307	272,540

THE TATA OIL MILL'S QUOTATIONS.

EX-GODOWN.

Bombay, Dec. 6.

Filtered Cocoanut Oil Ready Rs. 400 per ton.

Filtered Cocoanut Oil per case of 84lbs. Rs. 22.

Cocoanut Cake Ready Rs. 105 per ton.

PRODUCE RECEIPTS.

Bombay, Dec. 6.

	Bales.
Khandeish	528
Central India	105
Barsi-Nugger	259
Hyderabad-Gaorani	271
Berar	1.644
Central Provinces	388
Dhollera	114
Rajputana	222
Sind-Punjab	599
Westerns-Northerns	74
	Cwts.
Wheat	1,892
Linseed	4.240
Rape, Rai and Mustardseeds	55
Gingellyseed	4.277
Poppyseed	172
Groundnuts	16,469
Castorseed	5.631
Rice	2,688
Myrabollams	1,362
Cottonseed	7.890
Mowraseed	294
Gram	1.208
Joowar	914
Maize	12
Barley	37
Bajree	2.249
	tons.
Coal	1.055

MONEY MARKET

Exchange Quotations

Bombay, Dec. 6.

B. C RATES—
T T 1/6 1/8.
D. D. 1/6 1/8.

LONDON—
Banks Selling T T 1/6 5/32 Dec.-Jany.
Banks Selling D D 1/6 5/32.
Banks Selling T T 1/6 1/8 Feby March.
Banks Buying T T 1/6 7/32.
Banks Buying D D 1/6 1/4.
Banks Buying 3 Mos 1/6 5/16 Dec./Feby
Banks Buying 3 Mos. 1/6 9/32 March/May

NEW YORK—
B. C. Rate T T 414.
Banks Selling T T 412.
Banks Buying T T 409

PARIS—
Banks Selling D D 615.
Banks Buying D D 625.

AMSTERDAM—
Banks Selling D D 60.

JAPAN—
Banks Selling T T 83 1/2.
Banks Buying 60 Days 80.

HONGKONG—
Banks Selling D D 89 7/8.

SHANGHAI—
Banks Selling D D 116 1/2.

SINGAPORE—
Banks Selling D D 154 3/8.

JAVA—
Banks Selling D D 60 1/8.

BERLIN—
Banks Selling D D 101.

CROSS RATES—
New York/London 3.20 5th inst.
Shanghai/London 1/9 6th inst.
Japan/London 1/3 1/8 6th inst.
London/Paris 81.94 5th inst.
London/Belgium 23.10 5th inst.
London/Switzerland 16.62 5th inst.
London/Italy 63.00 5th inst.
London/Berlin 13.43 5th inst.
London/Holland 7.96 5th inst.
London/Stockholm 18.20 1/2 5th inst.
London/New York 3.19 1/2 5th inst.

Tone of Sterling Exchange:—Steady. Dull.

Gold £6/9/4½ 3rd inst; £6/10/0½ 5th inst.

Silver London Ready 17 1/2 3rd inst; 17 9/16 5th inst.

Silver London Forward 17 9/16 3rd inst.; 17 11/16 5th inst.

Silver New York Ready 25 1/8 3rd inst.; 25 1/2 5th inst.

London Discounts 3 Mos 1 per cent 3rd inst., 15/16 per cent 5th inst.

London Discounts 6 Mos 1 3/16 per cent 3rd inst.; 1 3/16 per cent 5th inst.

Imperial Bank Rate 4 per cent.—Bank of England Rate 2 per cent.

Money:—Call 1 per cent. 3 Mos. 2 per cent; 6 Mos 2½ per cent.

Tone:—Easy.

GOVERNMENT SECURITIES

TAXABLES.

Bombay, December 6.

	Rs
3-1/2 p.c. G.P. Notes	71|9
4 p.c 1931/36 Conv.	98- 6
4 p.c. 1934/37 Loan	97-12
4 p.c 1960|70 Loan	83-14
4 1|2 p.c. 1934 Bonds	100 8
4 1|2 p.c. 1955|60 Loan	94-10
5 p.c. 1929|47 Loan	100|6
5 p.c. 1939 44 Loan	101- 4
5 p.c. 1940|43 Loan	101|4
5 p.c. 1935 Bonds	101-10
5½ p.c. 1938/40 Loan	103- 4
6½ p.c 1933/38 Bonds	101- 7
6-1|2 p.c. 1935 T. Bonds	105|2

TAX-FREES.

	Rs.
5 p.c. 1945/55 Loan	105-14
5 p.c. 1933 Bonds	101- 5
6 1|2 p.c. 1935 B. D. L.	106- 3

STATE LOANS.

	Rs.
5½ p.c. 1938 Mysore	104- 8
5 p.c. 1955 Mysore	102- 8

CORPORATION LOANS (Taxables)

	Rs.
4 p.c. B.P.T. 1974	76- 8
4 p.c. M. Deb 1974	76- 0
5 p.c. do. 1959	94- 0
6 p.c. do. 1954	106- 0
6 p.c. K.P.T. 1956	105-8
6½ p.c. B.I.T. 1937	104- 8

Note:—3-1|2 per cent. paper opened to-day at Rs. 71|8 and after improving to Rs. 71|12 prices eased off on increased liquidation.

LONDON STOCK EXCHANGE.

London, Dec. 5.

	£
Charter Bank of I. A. and C.	13-7/8
Hongkong & Shanghai Bank London	18-1/2
P & O Banking Corporation	8-1/2
National Bank of India	43
Funding Loan 4 p.c.	107-3/4
Conversion Loan 3½ p.c.	97-7/8
Rupee Paper 3½ p.c.	53-1/2
Indian Stock 3 p.c. Sterling Loan	72-1/2
Indian Stock 3½ p.c. Sterling Loan	83-1/2
Indian Stock 4½ p.c. Sterling Loan	104-1/2
Consols 2½ p.c.	73-1/8
War Lian 5 p.c.	97-5/8
Victory Bonds 4 p.c.	108-1/2

LONDON METAL

London, Dec. 5.

Copper Brazlers	46
Yellow Metal	38-1/4
Spelter Hard Indian Brands	14-3/4
Corrugated Sheets 24 Gauge	18-1/8
Tin English Ingots	152

Bombay Stock Exchange

GENERAL LONG LIQUIDATION

Absence Of Support

BOMBAY, Dec. 6.

The Share Bazaar ruled easy to-day on general long liquidation and in the absence of any support price closed lower. The liquidation was visible in every speculative counter. Political advices from Europe are not encouraging and it appears that there are no prospects of any immediate improvement in the International financial situation. Operators are holding aloof and are keenly watching political developments. The market is very sensitive but buyers are cautious.

THE SHARE MARKET:—Despite encouraging revenue returns of the Power Companys, Powers, Andhras and Tata Hydros declined. Cements. However ruled steady. Bombay Dyeings closed at 658/2/-. Fazuls at 250/-. Central Indias at 258/2 and Kohinoor t 136/4. Bombay Burmas moved around 358/2/. Tata Steel ordys. closed at 33 after opening at 33/14. Tata 2nd. prefs. weakened to 57/8/-. Andhras closed at 1210/- and Powers were done at 756/4 at the close. Bombay Trams were steady at 109/1.

ACTIVE SHARES AT A GLANCE.

Bombay, December 6.

Bombay Dyeing 663, 57, 58.
Century 208, 5.
Colaba 71.
Crescent 34.
Fazul 252, 49, 50.
Fazul 252, 49, 50.
Indore 349.
Madhowji 7.
Nagpur 261, 52.
New Great 112 N.
Pearl 122, 23.
Simplex 53.
Swadeshi 208|5|10.
Burma 357, 56, 58.
Hydro 135.
Tram 109|1.
Deff. 160 N.
Ord. 33|14, 32|14, 33.
Bundi 14|14.
Indian 181, 82.
Katni Ord. 161|14.
Alcock 137 N.

TEXTILE SECTION.

Bombay, Dec. 6.

Anmedabad Advance	315- 0
Apollo Mills	0-12
Bombay Dyeing	658-2
Centu	205-10
Central India	258-12
Colaba Land	71- 4
Crescent	34-6
Dawn Mills	465- 0
E. D. Sassoon	0-3½
Elphinstone	1- 8
Ebrahim Pabaney	65-10
Edward Sassoon	25- 0
Finley	92- 8
Fazulbhoy	250
Gokak	105- 0
Hindusthan	1575- 0
Indian Manfg.	1380- 0
Indian Bleaching	143-12
Indore Malwa	349-6
Kastoorchand	6- 2
Khatau	65- 0
Kohinoor	136-4
Lakshmi	917- 8
Morarjee	400- 0
Madhavjee	7- 6
Model-Nagpore	61 4
Mysore	90- 0
New City	35- 0
New Great	112- 8
Pearl	123-12
Phoenix	290- 0
Premier	0-8
Sholapur	2125- 0
do. Deb. (94 F. P.	95-12
Sassoon Silk	42- 0
Swan	52-8
Simplex	53-12
Swadeshi	205-10
Tata Mills	15- 0
Vishnu	1647- 0
HYDRO & ELECTRIC SECTION.	
Ahmedabad Electric	132-8
Andhra Valley Ordy.	1208-12
do. Pref.	1080- 0
Bombay Tram Ordy.	109- 1
do. Pref.	69- 4
Broach Electric	8-14
Karachi Electric	160- 0
Surat Electric	125- 0
Suburban Electric	115-10
Tata Hydro Ordy.	135
Do. Pref.	109-11
do 8 p.c Deb.	108- 4
Do. Power Ordy.	756- 4
Do. Pref.	1170-0
MISCELLANEOUS SECTION.	
Alcock Ashdown	137- 8
Bl. Burma Petrol	2-5 1|2
Bombay Burma Old	358|12
Bombay Burma New	120- 0
Bombay Burma Steamer	216|4
Bombay Burma Telephone	64|8
do. 6½ p.c Deb.	54-10
Bellapur Sugar	142|8
Indian Radio Ordy.	320- 0
Indian Radio Def.	315
do. Mercantile	32- 8
McKenzies	60- 0
New India Assurance	18- 8
Jupiter Insurance	9- 0
Oriental Insurance	2100- 0
Vulcan Insurance	5-10
Port Canning	605. 0
Scindia Steam	8|14
Tata Construction	55
Tata Iron and S. Ordy	33
do. Def.	160- 0
do 1st Pref	134- 6
do. 2nd Pref.	57|8
Tata Oil	14|12
RAILWAY SECTION.	
Ahmedabad Prantej	645
Amritsar Patti Old	96- 8
Central Provinces	74|8
Dhnd. Bharamati	76
Guzerat	58- 0
Hoshiarpur Doab	71- 0
Larkhana	76- 0
Mandra Bhon	60- 0
Mymensing Rebate	75- 0
do. Gtd.	75- 0
Pachora Jamner	55- 8
Sara Sirajgunj	74- 0
Sialkot Narowal	81- 0
Sind Light	43- 0
Tapty Valley	620- 0
Upper Sind Light	72- 0
BANK SECTION.	
Bank of India	92|4
Baroda Bank	75- 4
Bombay Provincial	53- 8
Central Bank	18-12
Eastern Bank	65- 0
Imperial F.P.	1182|8
Imperial P.P.	290
Union Bank	3|9
CEMENT SECTION.	
Bundi Cement	14-14
Gwalior Cement	48|8
Indian Cement	182|8
Katni Cement Ordy.	161-14
do. Def.	570- 0
Punjab Cement Ordy.	9
do. Pref	10- 6
Shahabad Cement	161|4
Shivrajpur	16-12
United Cement	10- 0

TREASURY BILLS

Tenders for Rs. one crore of 3 months' Treasury Bills were opened on Tuesday. The total amount offered was Rs. 1,29,00,000. Tenders at Rs. 99-6-0 and above were accepted in full. Lower tenders were rejected. The total amount of accepted tenders was Rs. 72,00,000 and the average rate Rs. 2-6-8 per annum.

Tenders for three months' bills to the amount of Rs. one crore will be received on Tuesday, the 13th instant. Successful tenderers should make payment of the amount of accepted tenders on Friday, the 16th instant. Other conditions are as usual.

Intermediate three months' Treasury Bills, will be sold from Wednesday the 7th Monday the 12th instant at Rs. 99-7-0 per cent subject to the condition that the Government of India reserve the right to stop the sale of intermediates without previous notice at any time during this period. Intermediate three months' Treasury Bills sold from the 30th November to the 5th instant amounted to Rs. 40,25,000.

Remittances To British Treasury

(In pounds sterling)

During the week ending the 3rd December 1932—

Sterling purchased in India 2,316,000.

Total 2,316,000

From 1st April 1932 to the 3rd December 1932:—

Sterling purchased in India 22,479,000

Sterling taken over in London 715,000

WALL-STREET MARKET

Closing Quotations

New York, Decr. 5.

Messrs. Batlivala & Karani have issued the following New York Stock Exchange closing quotations:—

Anaconda Copper Mining Dol. 8.
American Forn. Power Gold Debentures Dol. 28.
Electric Bond Common Dol. 17-3|4.
Electric Bond Prefd. 6 per cent. Dol. 34 1|2.
Chrysler Dol. 14 1|2.
General Motors Dol. 12 3|4.
National City Bank Dol. 42.
Western Union Telg. Dol. 27.
Sun Life of Canada Dol. 255.
General Motors Prefd. Dol. 75.
Nickel Prefd. Dol. 66.

COTTON STRADDLES

Approximate Differences

New York—Liverpool:—January 420; March 415; May 408.

Bombay — Liverpool: — Broach A.|May Rs. 196; Liverpool May (4.92) Rs. 18-1|4 at Exchange 1|6.

Bombay—New York:—Broach A|May Rs. 1[illegible] New York May (5.76) Rs. us[illegible]at. 3.20-1|4 Cross Rate.

[illegible]The[illegible]

Net but[illegible] to the Home Treasur[illegible] Gold Standard Reserve[illegible]TH[illegible]and against gold transfer[illegible]xma[illegible]India from Paper Curren[illegible]hat[illegible]ve to Gold Standard R[illegible]vas [illegible]750,000.

Total a[illegible]00.

NOTICE

The Management of Bombay's Leading Talkie House has been swamped with enquiries from patrons who are unable to get seats, if this picture will be shown elsewhere by them. The Management beg to announce that this picture will not be shown elsewhere by them and will only be shown at—

THE CAPITOL

DAILY 3 SHOWS

4, 6-30 & 10 P.M.

MORE THRILLS Than "TRADER HORN"

Directed by W. S. VAN DYKE with JOHNNY WEISSMULLER, Neil Hamilton, C. Aubrey Smith, Maureen O'Sullivan

A Metro-Goldwyn-Mayer picture

BREATHLESS THRILLS

WATCH TARZAN'S DAILY FIGHTS WITH APES, LIONS AND OTHER TERRIBLE WILD BEASTS ALL SINGLE-HANDED!

Also A Comedy Cartoon of

FLIP THE FROG

Free List Absolutely Stopped.

PATHE CINEMA

DAILY 3-30, 6-30 & 10.

CHANGE OF PROGRAMME

TO-DAY
FOR THREE DAYS ONLY

LESLIE HENSON
HEATHER THATCHER
CONNIE EDISS
AUSTIN MELFORD
IN

A Warm Corner

A Warm Corner

THE GREATEST COMEDY OF ALL TIME

SIDE-SPLITTING LOVE

ADVENTURES OF A RICH PARVENU

MEN WILL BE MEN—AND WIVES WILL BE SUSPICIOUS! —AS GAY MR. CORNER FINDS OUT IN THIS STORY FROM THE SUCCESSFUL STAGE PLAY WHICH HAD A PROLONGED RUN AT THE PALACE THEATRE, LONDON.

NEXT SATURDAY

UNUSUAL TIMES DEMAND UNUSUAL PICTURES

HERE'S A BURNING GLAMOROUS LOVE-TALE TOLD ON THE BORDER-LAND OF LIFE AND DEATH - - - -

The Story of a Fiend, Who Placed the Woman he desired under the Strange Spell of

White Zombie

Rendering Her Soul-less, Lifeless Yet Permitting Her To Walk And Do His Every Bidding!

with

BELA (DRACULA) LUGOSI

Book Your Seats Early
E. Rose & Co. or The Theatre
Phone 41561.

CITY AND SUBURBS

TO-DAY.

Hindu—Magsar Sud 10, 1980.
Muslim—Shaban 8, 1351.
Parsi—Tir 2, 1302.
Sunrise—6h. 59m.
Sunset—6h. 1m.
High tide—7.06, 20.56
Low tide—1.05, 14.08
Phases of the Moon: First Quarter to-day 4h. 15m. a.m. Full Moon 13th Dec. 7h. 41m. Last Quarter 21st Dec. 1h. 52m. a.m; New moon 27th Dec. 4h. 52m. p.m.
Municipal Standing Committee, 4-10 p.m.
Bombay Girls High Schools' Athletic Association annual tournament, Town Hall, 10-30 a.m.
Y. M. C. A., Team Boxing Championships Byculla, 9-30 p.m.

DAILY AMUSEMENTS

EXCELSIOR:—"Ladies Of The Big House". Daily at 6-30 and 10 p.m.
EMPIRE:—"Thark". Daily at 6-30 and 10 p.m.
EMPRESS:—"Subway Express" Daily at 6-30 and 10 p.m.
WELLINGTON: — "Bhartruhari" Daily at 6-30 and 10 p.m.
PATHE:—"A Warm Corner with Leslie Henson". Daily at 3-30 6-30 and 10 p.m.
WEST-END:—"Shyam Sunder" Daily at 5-30, 8 and 10-30 p.m.
GLOBE:—"Laila-Majnu". Daily at 5-30, 8 and 10-30 p.m.
ROXY:—"Bachelor's Affairs" Daily at 6.30 and 10 p.m.
PALACE TALKIES, (Byculla) "Stowaway". Daily at 6-30 and 10 p.m.
CAPITOL:—"Tarzan The Ape Man". Daily at 4, 6-30 and 10 p.m.

TO-DAY'S INDIAN RADIO PROGRAMME.—12 noon, gramophone records; 7 p.m. variety entertainment by the School of Indian Music, conducted by Prof. Deodhar; 9 p.m. News in Hindi; 9-30 p.m. a recital by Kaikhushroo Sorabji (pianoforte) and the Radio quartet.

BOMBAY MUNICIPAL WORKMEN'S UNION.—The annual general meeting of the Bombay Municipal workmen's Union for the year ending March 1932 will be held on Monday (12th inst.) Place and time will be published in due course.

POSTAL NOTICE.—Mails for the Straits (including Siam, Borneo F. M. S., Johore, Malacca, Netherlands-East-Indies, Phillipine Islands, Penang, Selangore, and Singapore) and China via Negapatam will be accepted at General Post Office upto 6-30 p.m. on Thursday the 8-12 1932.

BOMBAY STUDENTS' SOCIAL LEAGUE.—Under the auspices of The Bombay Students' Social League a meeting of the Managing Committee will be held today (Wednesday) at the League's Office Girgaon Back Road, when the future programme of the League will be considered.

JAMAT ASHUBBAN AL-MUSLIMEEN.—A meeting under the auspices of this society, will be held in the hall of Jamiat on Thursday (8th inst.) at 9 p.m. (S.T.) when Mr. Haji Umar Haji Siddeh Khatri, President, Daneli-Moslimeen will deliver a lecture on "Students Duty". Mr. Yusuf Abdulla Fozan will preside.

K. R. CAMA ORIENTAL INSTITUTE.—Under the auspices of the Institute, Dr. Irach J. S. Taraporevala, Principal of the M. F. Cama Athornan Institute, will deliver to-day (Wednesday) at 5-45 p.m. (S.T.) at the Institute premises, Sukhadvala Buildings, 6, Ravelin Street, off Hornby Road, Fort, a public lecture on "The Mixing of Races and its Effects on Language".

SHRIMOD BHAGVAD GITA JAYANTI MOHOTSWA.—Under the auspices of Shri Vile Parle Sanskrit Pathsala Shri Gita Jayanti Mohotswa will be observed for 7 days in Bombay (Kalbadevi Road Kol Bhar Lane) New Bhatia Mahajan Wadi) from Thursday (3rd inst.) to Wednesday (14th inst.) Shastris and Pandit's will deliver lectures on Gita, at 6-30 p.m.

TATA POWER CO., LTD.—Under the auspices of the Bombay Shareholders' Association an informal meeting of shareholders of the Tata Power Company Limited will be held to-day (Wednesday) at 5 p.m. in the office of the Association (Agakhan Building, Dalal Street, Fort,) to consider questions of vital importance to the shareholders of the Company.

Rajpipla State Assembly

The Dewan, Rajpipla State, wires under date 5th December.—The inauguration ceremony of the Rajpipla State Assembly will be performed by His Highness on Saturday 10th instant.—A. P.

HIS 13th CONVICTION

Two Years' R.I. And Fine Of Rs. 90 For Stealing Water-Meters

BOMBAY, Tuesday.

Found guilty of committing a series of thefts of water meters belonging to the Bombay Municipality, Bala Mia Patel was sentenced to two years' hard labour and a fine of Rs. 90 by the Chief Presidency Magistrate, to-day. The accused admitted twelve previous convictions.

The accused was arrested by the Colaba police some days ago, in connection with a large number of thefts of water meters which had taken place in the city. Police investigations revealed that the accused was responsible for the theft of over 60 water meters which he used to dispose of to second-hand dealers.

As the accused had twelve previous convictions the Magistrate thought that a deterrent sentence was necessary. After his release from jail, accused was required to report to the police regularly.

Bombay Andhra Nilayam's Appeal To Zamorin

The following is the copy of a wire sent by the Bombay Andhra Nilayam Parel, to the Zamorin, Calicut:—

Members, Bombay Andhra Nilayam (Reading Room & Library) Parel request you to open Guruvayur temple and do justice to Harijans. Emulate example of Baroda, Kashmir and other states. Gandhiji is a world force and his sacrifice, a world calamity.

Visit Parsi Social Club Bazar At Bandra

Under the auspices of the Parsi Social Club, Bandra, there will be a Bazar at the Club premises at, Perry Road, Bandra, on Saturday, Sunday and Monday, (10th, 11th and 12th inst.) from 5-30 to 10-30 p.m. (S.T.), where all persons are welcome to see works of great are.

Household articles of ever-day use can be had at the Bazar at very moderate rates. Among the attraction are: Bag pipe, string band, music, and concerts every evening.

Maharashtra Hindu Sabha

The sixth session of the Maharashtra Hindu Sabha, called the Maharashtra Hindu Dharma Parishad begins at Poona in the Tilak Mandir on December 10th and 11th to consider the situation arising out of the recommendations of the Unity Conference at Allahabad, and the question of untouchability.

Mr. Jamnadas M. Mehta will preside.

Extra Air Mail Service For Christmas

Intimation has been received that the Imperial Airways propose operating an additional service from Karachi to Cairo leaving Karachi on Sunday the 11th December arriving Cairo on the 14th instant. This will connect with the African Service leaving Alexandria on the 15th reaching London on the 18th instant:

This additional service will carry a considerable portion of Christmas mails for places in Cairo, Alexandria, Continent of Europe, Great Britain etc. giving relief to the weekly west bound plane leaving Karachi on 14th December 1932.

Air mail correspondence for places noted above if posted at the Bombay G. P. O. upto 6 p.m. on the 8th instant will be forwarded to Karachi for onward transmission in connection with this additional service.

This does not effect the existing air mail service.

Delay In Imposing Tea Restriction

(SPECIAL CABLE,)
LONDON, Dec. 6.

The London "Financial News" says that it is now generally expected that the tea restriction scheme will be devised and accepted, but not before first March 1933. This delay in the imposition of the scheme may mean that the market will have to face a period of flooding before the effect of the restriction is felt. In view also of the unlikelihood of planters immediately restricting the output until climatic conditions of the season are known, it will not be surprising if it is six or even nine months before the market reflects the reduced supply in anything more than a temporary rise in price.—Reuter.

Trivendrum:—The Government of Travancore have issued orders that the existing English and Vernacular Text-book Committees be abolished at once. In regard to the prescription of text-books for the ensuing year the Director of Public Instruction will discharge his responsibility without the assistance of any Committee.—A. P.

DEATH SENTENCE CONFIRMED

High Court Upsets A Previous Ruling

BOY DECOYED & KILLED

BOMBAY, Tuesday.

A previous ruling of the High Court Appellate Bench on the method of recording an accused's confession was upset by a Full Bench consisting of Mr. Justice Baker, Mr. Justice Murphy and Mr. Justice Broomfield.

The point arose during the hearing of the appeal of Tukaram Khandu who was sentenced to death by the Sessions Judge of Nasik, subject to confirmation by the High Court.

Lahanu, a boy of 15, was living with his mother and brother in the village of Palkhad. The family owned a field half a mile away, where the appellant and another man Tukaram Khandaji were employed for cutting down the trees. On the night of June 26 last, the appellant and his companion Tukaram decoyed the boy to the field on the pretext of getting him a prostitute. Though no woman was there, the boy slept there for the night when the men, it was alleged, killed him on the spot with a view to rob him. The appellant made a confession on which the police recovered the property. The Sessions Judge sentenced the appellant to death and acquitted the other man.

DEFENCE CONTENTION.

In appeal, the appellant's counsel Mr. Rele challenged the validity of the confession on which the conviction was based. Relying on the ruling of Mr. Justice Wadia and Mr. Justice Barlee in the case of Emperor V. Honsabai (34, Bomb. L. Rep.), Mr. Rele pointed out that the procedure followed by the magistrate in recording the confession rendered it ineffective.

Mr. Justice Murphy and Mr. Justice Broomfield who heard the case did not agree with the previous ruling on the point, and referred the case to the Full Bench.

JUDGMENT.

After hearing arguments, all the three judges of the Full Bench held that the method followed in this case was fully in compliance with the provisions of section 164 of the Criminal Procedure Code. Before recording the confession, the magistrate had to warn the accused that he was not bound to make the confession, and that whatever he said might be used as evidence against him. It was enough, according to the provisions of the Code, if the magistrate appended memorandum at the foot of the Confession that he had given such a warning to the accused.

On the merits of the case, their lordships held that the confession was corroborated by other evidence. It was a brutal and premeditated murder without any circumstance to justify leniency.

The appeal was dismissed, and death sentence confirmed.

RELEASED WITH RESTRAINT NOTICES

BOMBAY, Tuesday.

Five Congress workers who were detained under the Ordinance were released from the Byculla House of Correction on Tuesday afternoon and served with orders restraining them from participating in the civil disobedience movement any further.

ALLEGED CRIMINAL BREACH OF TRUST

D. D. Smith Remanded

BOMBAY, Tuesday.

D. D. Smith, formerly an employ of Messrs. Dhodi and Sons, Bombay, was put up before the Chief Presidency Magistrate today on a charge of alleged criminal breach of trust.

Sub-Inspector Hakim attached to the Esplanade police station, applying for a remand of the accused, said that he was arrested on a complaint of criminal breach of trust lodged by the firm where he was employed. As the police wanted time to make inquiries, the suspect was ordered to be remanded into custody.

STEAMER MOVEMENTS.—The O. S. K. Steamer "Paris Maru" left Colombo for Bombay on December 5 and is due to arrive in Bombay on December 9 at daylight.

The Clan Line "Clanketh" arrived in London on the morning of 5th.

The Clan Line Steamer "Clan Matheson" arrived at Suez on the evening of 4th.

Steamer, "Halizones" arrived in London on the morning of 5th.

CONGRESS VOLUNTEER DIES IN HOSPITAL

Heart Failure

BOMBAY, Tuesday.

A Congress volunteer, who was arrested a month ago by the Gamdevi Police along with thirteen others on the Chaupatty Sands, while they had assembled there in "furtherance of the Congress activities, died on Sunday evening in the J.J. Hospital. It was stated that he was suffering from some heart disease.

Sub-Inspector Podwal of the Gamdevi Police Station giving evidence this morning at an inquest held over the body of Channappa Rudrappa, the volunteer, stated that the Gamdevi Police having received information regarding some Congress activity went to the Chaupatty Sands on the evening of November 4 and arrested 14 Congressmen among whom was Channappa.

HEART-FAILURE.

They were remanded to police custody the next day by Mr. I.N. Mehta and were to have been deported out of Bombay. On November 16, Channappa complained of ill-health and was removed to the J.J. Hospital from where he was later removed to the Police Hospital. On December 3, Channappa was again brought back to the J.J. Hospital as the Doctor there suspected some heart trouble and advised the removal of the patient to a City Hospital. Channappa died on the evening of December 4. "Every effort had been made by the police to find the whereabouts of the relatives of the deceased to no avail."

A verdict of death due to anemia and heart-disease was returned by the Coroner's Jury.

STOCK EXCHANGE QUIET & STEADY

From Our Commercial Correspondent.

BOMBAY, Tuesday.
11 p.m.

The London Stock Exchange ruled quiet but steady without any developments. Three and half per cent Indian Sterling loan opened to-day at £83 and advanced to £83-1/2.

The market repeatedly fluctuated between these prices.

STERLING CROSS RATE.

The Sterling Cross rate opened at 3.19-3/4 and improved to 3.20-3/4. Later on, it declined to one point but again ruled steady around 3.20.

The Liverpool Cotton Market ruled very steady and prices after opening at a decline of 2 point closed at the rise of 5 points.

LONDON NEW YORK CROSS RATE

Latest Quotation

(Special Service for "Chronicle.")

T.T. ON NEW YORK.

	London, Dec. 6.
Previous closing	3.20 1/4
To-day's opening	3.20 1/8

T.T. ON LONDON.

	New York, Dec. 6.
Previous closing	3.20 3/8
To-day's opening	3.19 3/4
To-day's closing	3.20 3/8

LATEST COTTON PRICE

(Cotton Information Bureau, 21, Ismail Buildings, Hornby Road Fort, Bombay).

NEW YORK COTTON MARKET.

JANUARY SETTLEMENT

	New York, Dec. 6.
Previous closing rate	5.56
To-day's opening rate	5.61
Difference	plus .05
To-day's closing rate	5.67
Difference	plus .11

BROACH EXPECTATION.

A/May	Rs. 196

LIVERPOOL COTTON MARKET.

JANUARY SETTLEMENT.

	Liverpool, Dec. 6.
Previous closing rate	4.89
To-day's opening rate	4.87
Difference	—.02
To-day's closing rate	4.94
Difference	plus .05

LONDON SILVER MARKET.

	London, Dec. 6.
Silver Forward	17-11/16
Higher	1/8
Silver Ready	17-3/4
Higher	—.1/16

Market:—Steady. India and China bought.

BOMBAY MARKET.

	Bombay, Dec. 6.		
1st settlement	52	8	0
2nd settlement	52	8	0
Gold	31	9	0
Guinea	19	12	0

You, too, will find this Swadeshi soap more thorough, yet more economical

—furniture and paintwork

Use a little 501 Soap on a damp cloth to clean wooden furniture—it removes dirt instantly and leaves paintwork looking bright and fresh. 501 Soap is extremely economical to use—it lasts longer than most soaps, and being Swadeshi is lower in price than most imported soaps, of even less quality.

—for white suits

Coats and suits need careful washing if they are to last well. The constant scrubbing and pounding necessary with inferior soap soon spoils their colour, frays cuffs and collars. But this can easily be avoided by using 501 Soap; for 501 Soap, being made from the finest vegetable oils, soaks through and cleanses thoroughly—no need for rough rubbing and pounding

—for heavy fabrics

Usually so difficult to wash, heavy curtains, draperies and other thick fabrics are easily dealt with by 501 Soap. The gentle oils of 501 Soap penetrate deep into the fabric, loosening the dirt and carrying it away. There are no harsh chemicals to spoil the texture.

TOMCO

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India's finest 501 SOAP *washing soap for all purposes*

A LUXURIOUS HAIR OIL

NOW WITHIN YOUR MEANS !!

FOR THE HAIR.
Keeps the scalp clean and healthy. Cures dandruff and all scalp troubles. Feeds and rejuvenates hair roots. Grows rich smooth, soft and lustrous hair.

FOR THE BRAIN.
Nourishes and tones up the brain and with it the entire nervous system. Gives instant relief in case of Brain fag, all-night vigils, dull eyes, etc.

FOR THE SKIN.
Penetrates into the skin pores, cleanses and tones up the tissues. Makes the skin smooth and buoyant.

Wise men and women, lovers of beautiful hair — keep away from cheap injurious hair oils as a precaution against their hair turning grey. They all now use KAILAS—a highly concentrated compound of Brahmi and thirteen other medicinal herbs—pure, with no touch of doubtful drug, fragranced with a pure floral scent. Priced lower than originally expected, everybody can now afford this luxurious treatment.

WHAT USERS SAY:—

"Kailas Brahmi Oil on crucial tests has been found to be an an excellent Hair and Brain Tonic and as such does not contain any injurious chemicals."—(Sd.) Dr. Pramod M. Dixit, B.A. (Hons.) B.Sc., F.C.P.S., F.R.C.A., Ahmedabad (4-5-32.)

"In reviewing the results of our work in connection with your "KAILAS" Hair and Brain Tonic, we have pleasure to state that it has been thoroughly approved by many of our reputed clients."—(Sd.) Bapner Krice and Co., Church Street Panaji S. S. (22-9-32.)

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THE BOMBAY CHRONICLE
WEDNESDAY, DECEMBER 7, 1932

THE DEFENCE OF INDIA.

The consideration of the subject of India's National Defence at the Round Table Conference has once again revealed the unreality of the London discussions. The "delegates" seem to be living still in a pre-war world, where problems of defence were spoken of and treated in terms of manpower; or as though they applied only to land forces. The parties engaging in that academical discussion, which is rapidly stamping itself as a hall-mark of the present Conference deliberations, differed only on the degree of rapidity with which the defence forces of India were Indianised in personnel and control. So far, however, as the telegraphed summary of the discussion goes not one member appears even to be remotely aware that the question of national defence for a country like India, under present conditions, cannot be treated simply as a sum in simple arithmetic, or a problem in patronage.

ESSENTIAL CONDITION.

No one, at least on the Indian side, could differ on the principle that the defence of India should be in Indian hands, and under Indian control. But if it should be urged that, for no fault of their own, Indians to-day do not possess the necessary technical knowledge and experience of the problems of handling large military units in the field, that can be regarded only as an argument for excluding, for a time, the active command of the defence forces from Indian hands. That, however, is no reason why the defence forces should not be under the political control of an Indian Minister, responsible to the Indian National Legislature. There are many questions concerning the defence of the country, which are indissolubly connected with matters, not of military technique, but of India's national policy. There is no sense in excluding such matters from the purview of the Legislature, and of the principle of Ministerial responsibility to the Legislature, unless we would make our national self-government unnecessarily restricted and ineffective.

MINISTERIAL RESPONSIBILITY.

Not only should the actual concern of policy be brought within the scope of Ministerial responsibility; there are many departments of Defence taken as a whole, which have a vital bearing on the economic well-being of the country. The forces of National Defence would be ineffective, unless the industries ministering to their equipment and maintenance are suitably organised in the country and controlled by its Government. There is no reason of Imperial policy or necessity, why Britain should refuse to permit those departments under the Army Office to be brought under Indian Civilian control, and governed by the principle of Ministerial responsibility. Even on such questions as compulsory military training, or the principle of conscription for national defence, we see no reason of British Imperial necessity which should demand that those subjects be withdrawn from the jurisdiction of India's responsible national Ministry.

SUSPICIOUS SILENCE.

The absolute silence among the bigwigs of the London Conference on these aspects of the problem of our national defence makes the suspicion inevitable that, either these eminent people have no idea even of what the problem of defence really consists in; or, having some vague idea, they are tutored by their bear-leaders of the India Office not to give utterance to such heresies, which would indistinguishably identify these representatives(?) of India with full-blooded nationalists.

CRUSHING BURDEN MUST DISAPPEAR.

Not concerning themselves with these more radical aspects of national defence, the London showmen necessarily confine themselves to the relatively innocuous and very much limited question of the speed of Indianisation of the army in India. But even in this limited field, they see, judging from the telegraphed summary of their views, no light in regard to the financial implications of a policy of rapid Indianisation. If India desires to economise rigidly in her future administration under the new constitution, she will have to apply the axe ruthlessly to this one department of the Army more than anywhere else. The whole system of pay, pensions, allowances of all sorts, as well as the strength of the non-Indian element, will have to be radically reconsidered, and provided for on a basis compatible with India's defence needs and also India's taxable capacity. Unless this supreme aspect of the matter is kept consistently in view, we fear the resolutions taken at the London Conference would prove utterly futile, and the Constitution built thereon would be placed on a foundation of shifting sands. There can be no reservations or financial guarantees on this subject, if India is to have a really self-governing Constitution.

Untouchability & Interdining

The question has often been asked whether the removal of untouchability necessarily includes inter-dining with the so-called untouchability. This question is not at all so trivial as it may at first appear. It has cropped up every now and then in one form or other in the anti-untouchability propaganda—even in the Bombay Municipal schools with regard to water pots—and a definite unequivocal answer to the question is necessary for carrying on effective propaganda. For instance the question of admitting harijans to public restaurants and engaging them as domestic servants are intimately connected with the question of inter-dining.

LEAGUE'S RESTRICTED FIELD.

The subject of inter-dining seems to have been discussed at the first meeting of the Central Board All-India Anti-Untouchability League held at Poona a couple of days ago. A press report states the position of the League with regard to the subject thus: "The League believes that reasonable persons among the Sanatanists are not so much against the removal of untouchability as they are against inter-caste dinners and marriages. Since it is not the ambition of the League to undertake reforms beyond its own scope it is made clear that, while the League will work by persuasion among the caste Hindus to remove every vestige of untouchability, the main line of work will be constructive such as the uplift of the Depressed Classes educationally, economically and socially." This report fairly confirms another that the League has for the present definitely decided not to hold or identify itself with inter-caste dinners. To the question whether the removal of untouchability by itself necessarily includes inter-dining, the precise logical reply is: It all depends upon whether the caste Hindus seeking to remove untouchability ordinarily dine with 'savarna' Hindus of other castes than their own. If they do not, then, we agree, that to urge them to dine with untouchables is to urge them to do much more than removing untouchability. It would be equivalent to asking them to abolish one of the caste restrictions in general, to ask them to join in propaganda against caste itself, and we must agree that the abolition of caste is a great deal more than removal of untouchability and far beyond the scope of the Anti-Untouchability League.

HUMILIATING DISCRIMINATION.

But as a matter of fact numerous caste Hindus at present are prepared to dine with Hindus of other castes and even non-Hindus and yet boggle at dining in a line with untouchables or even to touch the water or milk or other foodstuffs touched by them. Of such persons who observe what is called "food untouchability" it must be said that if they are serious in professing to remove untouchability they ought to be prepared to dine with untouchables. Otherwise a clear vestige of untouchability remains in the shape of humiliating discrimination between the untouchables and other Hindus. Those, therefore, who are anxious to remove every vestige of untouchability as also those who regard the removal of untouchability as a religious reform and not merely a matter of expediency should not condone such discrimination by saying: "Interdining is no part of our propaganda."

BE CONSISTENT.

For the present a caste Hindu who does not ordinarily dine with Hindus of other caste may be left to himself. But those who ordinarily dine with caste Hindus of other castes ought to prove their consistency and professions about the sin of untouchability by being prepared on occasions to dine freely with untouchables. In other words a rigid ban on inter-caste dinners is an unwise restriction on the methods of combating untouchability.

UNREASONABLE.

One special reason why inter-caste dinners should not only be permitted but should be encouraged is that otherwise "food untouchability" will be a hindrance in the excellent practice of engaging untouchables as servants, who have often to handle foodstuffs like milk or vegetables. It is perhaps news to some that in several places untouchables are forbidden even to sell vegetables. Secondly, as we have pointed out before, if the anti-untouchability leagues themselves object to inter-dining, they cannot much influence proprietors of public restaurants into admitting untouchables to their restaurants freely. And surely the leagues cannot regard the question of admission to restaurants as being beyond the scope of their work. Since there is much good and nothing wrong in dining with the untouchables, it is most unreasonagle to prevent any anti-untouchability leagues from holding inter-caste dinners, open to those Hindus who are themselves prepared to participate in such dinners.

ITALY DECIDES TO PAY UP

NEGOTIATIONS ON CAPITAL PAYMENT

ROME, Dec. 6.

Italy has decided to pay the war debt instalment to the United States, unless other circumstances intervene

The December debt payment was decided by the Fascist Grand Council early this morning at which Sgr. Mussolini was present.

A communique states that while the Council invites the Government to take this step, it also invites it to begin uninterruptedly the necessary negotiations in order that before June 1933, a new agreement may be reached, in accordance with the recent declaration that President Hoover and Mr. Roosevelt may take account of the fact that the economic circumstances of Italy have altered since the days in which the war Debt Agreement was reached. Italy's present instalment represents interest on the war debt only. It is understood that Italy is not prepared to consider the favourable continuance of payments in June, when the payment of capital will also have to be made.

ITALIAN DECISION WELCOMED.

The announcement of the Italian decision before the final Anglo-French announcements is welcomed throughout the country as showing that Italy is determined to follow her own policy without taking lead from other Powers, but the feeling that payment cannot be continued on the existing scale is very strong.

It is generally hoped that the prompt recognition of the obligation to pay will help to mollify the United States public opinion, and it is also stated that a quarter-million dollars is too small a sum to argue about.

The decision is welcomed by financial circles as proclaiming the stability of the Lira.

HEAD CLERK SENTENCED

Charge Of Cheating

POONA, Dec. 6.

The Cantonment Magistrate, Poona, to-day convicted Mr. R. S. D'Souza, head clerk, Photo-zinco office, Poona, on three charges of cheating in respect of sums of money amounting to about Rs 1,400 and sentenced him to one year's rigorous imprisonment and fine of Rs. 150 in each case or in default three months' further imprisonment.

The charge against the accused was that during 1930, 1931 and 1932 he received money on behalf of the Government as registration fees, etc., but failed to credit the same or pay the amounts into the Treasury.—A.P.

LAHORE CONSPIRACY CASE

Tribunal Discharges Maharajkishan

LAHORE, Dec. 6.

The Tribunal in the Lahore Conspiracy case has discharged Maharajkishen, accused, holding that no case has been made out against him.—A. P.

"CONTE DE SAVOIA'S" MAIDEN VOYAGE

LONDON, Dec. 6.

"Conte De Savoia" now on her maiden voyage from Genoa was obliged to stop 800 miles away from New York owing to the breakdown of Turbo-generator. Reuter's correspondent on board the ship wirelesses that the exhaust valve broke causing a leak. The captain considered it more prudent not to proceed until the repair had been effected. So, men worked for three hours near the waterline with the help of floodlights and the leak has now been thoroughly reinforced from inside.

The captain is confident that he will be able to proceed under reduced speed.—Reuter.

WILL LEAGUE UPHOLD COVENANT?

Lytton Report "Battle" At Geneva

CHALLENGE TO JAPAN

GENEVA, Dec. 6.

The Lytton report on the apparently interminable Sino-Japanese dispute came up for discussion before the Assembly, to which it has been referred by the Council.

Familiar arguments were advanced by the protagonists of China and Japan, the former demanding the dissolution of the Manchukuo Government and the latter voicing its objections to the Lytton report and protesting readiness to cooperate with the League.

Outspoken condemnation of Japan was expressed by Mr. Connolly who proclaimed the Irish Free State's definite refusal to recognise Manchukuo and said whatever Japan did in no way diminished the Assembly's responsibility to uphold the covenant at all costs. He felt that the Assembly should definitely act on the Lytton report. If the League hesitated in dealing with the Far Eastern situation, it would not survive or deserve to survive.—Reuter.

GERMANY AND DISARMAMENT

Five Powers' Talks

GENEVA, Dec. 6.

At a meeting of Five Powers discussing the question of re-entry of Germany into the Disarmament Conference, Baron von Neurath declared that Norman Davis' plan so far as it concerned the adjourned settlement of the question of the German claim for arms equality was unacceptable; but at the same time he made certain suggestions which he hoped, would open the door for the continuation of discussions.—Reuter's Special.

BY THE WAY

(By A Gentleman With A Duster.)

I referred last week to the decision of the Bombay Municipal Corporation on Mr. Gole's proposition for the abolition of the convention of electing the President by communal turns every year. The Kaiser-i-Hind" of last Sunday contains the full report of the speech made by Mr. Heerji-Behedin on this question. I have always respected Mr Heerji-Behedin's independence and nationalism and on several public questions the views expressed by him and his journal have met with my approval. But my love and gratitude for the late Sir Pherozeshah Mehta of deathless fame is so great that I cannot allow him to be misunderstood on an important question like this as I fear there is the danger from Mr. Heerji Behedin's quoting a certain passage from one of Sir Pherozeshah's speeches in the Corporation. It is always a matter of delight to turn back to the speeches of this father of the modern civic life of Bombay. The speech from which Mr. Heerji-Behedin has culled the quotation was made on the 12th November 1903 and the occasion was the filling up the vacancy in the Chair which had occurred by the resignation of Mr. Fazal Vishram, the President of the Corporation. Sir Pherozeshah suggested the appointment of Mr. James MacDonald and the pertinent passage on the question of electing the President by communal turns is as under: "An idea seems to prevail in the Corporation that the way in which it should proceed to elect its President is to give turns to the various communities sitting in the Corporation."

"I quite agree that that might under certain circumstances form one element of consideration in the matter of the appointment of the Chair but I hope that members will seriously consider, at least those who put forward that view, that the qualification that ought to be expected from the candidate who is to be our President is that he is a fit man to fill the Chair in the right manner. I do not thereby mean to say that the arrangement of selecting a member of each community by turns should not be taken into account. What I wish to say is if it is the turn of a Hindu, it must not be contended that because it is the turn of a Hindu a Hindu only should be appointed to the Chair in spite of there being better qualified men belonging to the other communities. That is a matter to which I invite your earnest attention. I ask you, gentlemen, if it is the right and proper way of filling the Chair of a body like the Corporation? I hope that you will seriously consider the question of giving turns to the several communities.—an arrangement which must only occupy a subordinate position, the first and foremost consideration being the absolute qualifications and merits of the person whom we propose to place in the Chair." In the latter part of the same speech he reminded his colleagues that "as members of the Corporation there ought to be no distinction of caste or creed and it is in that spirit that we should proceed to elect the President of this Body."

* * * *

That Sir Pherozeshah would never be a party to any view which had the faintest colour of communalism attached to it is amply borne out not only by the above quotation but by several other speeches both in the Corporation and outside. On another memorable occasion—I am referring to the early date of 14th September 1875—on the question of electing Mr. Dosabhoy Framji as Chairman of the Corporation he said thus "We are bound as members of this Corporation to see only to merits and qualifications in making our appointment and when we find them combined in European gentlemen we are only but too ready and anxious to recognise them and I doubt not but that when such are found centred in a native gentleman, Englishmen will never fall behind in recognising them freely, generously and ungrudgingly." I, therefore, remain unshaken in my conclusion of last week that the Bombay Municipal Corporation really stultified itself by opposing Mr. Gole's proposition, which if passed, would have meant a very serious contribution towards the removal of the blot of communalism so persistently sticking to a cosmopolitan body like the Bombay Municipality. Members of the Corporation like Mr. Heerji-Behedin whose nationalism cannot be doubted ought to be in the forefront as champion iconoclasts for making clean sweep of this half-dilapidated idol of communalism.

* * * *

The Delhi correspondent of the "Times of India" has gone again

(Continued on page 7.)

"PROBLEMS BEFORE THE ROUND TABLE CONFERENCE"

The Series of Lectures by Mr. K. T. Shah, arranged on this subject under the auspices of the "Bhagini Samaj," met with a not unexpected difficulty at the very first Lecture on Monday. The organisation which has arranged for those Lectures consists mostly of Gujarati women, all of whom may not be so well conversant with English so as to understand such subjects being treated in that language. Hence the Lecturer delivered his inaugural address in Gujarati, which compelled a goodly portion of the audience to leave at once the Lecture Hall. We fully sympathise with the remarks of the President of the Organiser and of the Lecturer that, in view of the emancipation or enfranchisement of women in India, associations like the "Bhagini Samaj" are doing no more than their obvious duty when they endeavour to instruct their members in such vital subjects of immediate public importance, through their own mother tongue.

But at the same time, we cannot but draw the attention of the organisers to the fact that the announcement of those Lectures had made it by no means clear that the Lectures would be delivered in Gujarati. Besides, with all respect to the "Bhagini Samaj", we cannot help questioning if, should the Lectures be confined only to the members of that organisation, their benefit and utility would be as fully shared as they need to be. To understand fully the subjects announced for his Lectures by Mr. Shah,—whether they are delivered in English or in Gujarati,—a certain minimum knowledge of public questions, and of the principles underlying these questions, is indispensable; and we doubt if even the President of the "Bhagini Samaj" with all her loyalty and enthusiasm for that body, would be prepared to affirm that the membership of that Society, taken by and large, is sufficiently grounded in the rudiments of such public questions as to be able to follow Mr. Shah's Lectures.

In view of this obvious difficulty,—which was shared even by the Lecturer himself, despite his courageous effort to speak in Gujarati, we would earnestly commend it to the authorities of the "Bhagini Samaj", and the organisors of these Lectures, whether they would not be serving a wider public and conferring a greater benefit by arranging for these Lectures to be delivered in English. The Lecturer is said to have mentioned that he was familiar sufficiently with English to be able to understand the questions on the subject put to him in that tongue by any member of the audience; and that, if necessary, he would be prepared to answer them in English also. Why not take him at his word, and see if he can deliver these Lectures also in English? The need for this very important subject to be treated dispassionately and scientifically, from the point of view of the student of Political Science, and away from the heated atmosphere of political controversy, is unquestioned. We trust the authorities of the "Bhagini Samaj" will take this point into their consideration before the next Lecture takes place, and make a clear announcement that the main Series would henceforth be delivered in English. The Lecturer, we understand, is prepared to write up the summary of the Lecture in Gujarati in a permanent form, and that ought to meet the desires of the "Bhagini Samaj" in organising the Lectures. Besides, a printed synopsis in both English and Gujarati was circulated at the beginning of yesterday's Lecture; and if that practice is followed in subsequent Lectures, the difficulty of such members of the "Bhagini Samaj", as may not be able to follow such lectures without such aids, would be largely obviated. Finally, the Lecturer may even summarise, for the benefit of that portion of the audience which is not at all familiar with English, the substance of his Lecture in Gujarati, after the main text is delivered in English. In that way all legitimate interests of the organisers will be served; and yet the Lectures would reach a wider public, and yield a greater benefit than under the present conditions.

Notes of the Day

Right Emphasis.

Sir Alfred Watson in his address to the Conservative M. Ps on Monday rightly emphasised the necessity of "trustfulness on both sides" in settling the question of safeguards in the new Indian constitution. This is what advanced political opinion in India has always pleaded for but the difficulty is that a large number of Tories understand by the term "Safeguards" provisions in the Constitution which will effectively maintain their country's economic and political supremacy in India, to be exercised autocratically without the least regard for Indian sentiment. The British diehards will be well advised to take to heart Sir Alfred Watson's warning that disregard of the fact that a Constitution must be evolved acceptable to a large body of Indians will compel Britain to embark upon twenty years of "resolute government." At the end of this period, he said, her problem in India will remain just what it is to-day.

Threat To Persia.

The oil dispute between Persia and Britain will be watched with interest by many countries besides these two. A French Senator, M. Henri Berenger, is known to have once said: "He who owns the oil will own the world, for he will rule the sea by means of the heavy oils, the air by means of the ultra-refined oils and the land by means of patrol and the illuminated oils." Persia now realises the pre-eminent value of oil and though it has no design on any other country's oil, it is determined to make the best use of its own. It is but natural that the British Government has come to the aid of the Anglo-Persian Company and has warned Persia that it will "not hesitate in case of need to take all legitimate measures to protect just and indisputable interests." We may presume that the Persian Government prizes its own rights and interests at least as much.

Secret Circulars.

Die-hards at Delhi seem to be mighty busy attempting to torpedo the Allahabad Settlement. The "Tribune" of Lahore publishes extracts from two letters which the paper understands from a reliable correspondent have been addressed to Muslim leaders in Sind by a member of the Assembly. One of the letters, dated 18th November, says:

The Unity Conference held at Allahabad has very much perturbed the Government officials. They now perceive that on the strength of Communal Award Mussalmans have placed themselves to make a bargain with Hindus with the result that it will not be possible for them to rely on Muslims in future. However we are now trying our utmost to minimise this impression of Government

A Vain Appeal.

As if it was feared that the threat of official disfavour might not work on all the parties concerned, a second letter was sent four days later holding out a tempting bait and giving a broad hint as to what the Sind Muslim leaders might do. It is stated: "It is my firm conviction and belief that Sind would be made a separate province in the near future, the condition precedent (being) that we do not accept the resolution of Allahabad Conference." The letter proceeds to say that "the official circle here is anxiously awaiting your denouncement of the Allahabad Conference." And it also suggests that "you would induce interested people and organisations to issue statements after every three or four days from various parts of the country, at lead Sind." Poor conspirators! Their appeals and threats have gone in vain. The Allahabad Pact is steadily receiving more and more support from Muslims all over the country and particularly from Sind.

STULTIFYING ITSELF

(Continued from page 1.)

mittee were all against the Agreement.

MR. CHETTY HECKLED.

Mr. Shanmukham Chetty asked Sir Abdur Rahim to take the speaker's assurance that the procedure that was followed between the representatives of India and British Government was the same as with those of the Dominions. There was no doubt, that in case of certain Dominions, discussions started at an earlier stage. (opposition Hear Hear), but that did not mean that the procedure was different. In fact, certain Dominions like South Africa had followed identical procedure to that followed by India, and it was later recognised that concentration of discussion in London directly between representatives of the various Governments was more conducive to expediting business than discussions carried on by correspondence.

Sardar Santsingh—The Government of India representatives did not have an opportunity to consult commercial interests before going to London.

TRIBUTE TO RAINY.

Mr. Chetty continuing said that a suggestion had been made that the Government of India were not a free agent. Speaking with full responsibility and with the knowledge of the entire negotiations, he said he could state with confidence that the Government of India and its delegates were free and acted in the freest possible manner. (Applause). In fact, the proposals were initiated by the Delegation of the Government of India and were accepted by the Government. (Applause). He had to acknowledge the fullest liberty which the Government of India had given to its delegates, and he would be failing in his duty, if he did not take the opportunity of paying a tribute to Sir George Rainy to whose honesty of purpose, the success of the Government of India Delegation was ultimately due. (Cheers). He could say if Sir George Rainy were sent as a plenipotentiary of the Government of India to negotiate a commercial treaty, he would sign that agreement blindfold. (Applause).

FLING AT PATRIOTS.

Sir A. Suhrawardy: That would be a leap in the dark (Laughter).

Mr. Chetty thought that India could be served better by men who combined honesty of purpose with experience and knowledge than by men with blind patriotism combined with ignorance and prejudice. (Applause). Mr. Chetty then dilated upon the supplementary agreement.

FEAR OF RETALIATION.

Mr. Maswood Ahmad opposing the ratification of the Agreement pointed out, that if India was unable to compete with Australian wheat within our own shore, how was it possible for Indian wheat to capture the British market against Australian competition. As regards hides and skins, he quoted the opinion of the Muslim Chamber of Commerce Calcutta, in which they had pointed out that the United Kingdom purchased but a little fraction of India's exports. If they adopted the Agreement and gave a preference to British articles, many foreign countries, especially, Germany was the largest single customer for the Indian hides and skins, would be biassed and would retaliate. He feared that it would be disastrous, if they imposed taxes on foreign goods, instead of decreasing taxes on the British goods. Concluding, Mr. Maswood Ahmad warned the Government against revolution, if they were to pile additional taxes on poor people.

SCHUSTER INTERVENES.

Sir George Schuster intervened in the debate to deal with broader aspects of the matter and laid emphasis on the real issue involved. He first gave the House an assurance that schedules had been so framed as would have no appreciable effect on revenue return and therefore no effect on prospects of further taxation. The Finance Member also held that the consumer would in the long run benefit through the competition between the British and Non-Empire goods.

As regards the suggestion that countries like Japan might retaliate especially in the sphere of purchase of cotton, Sir George Schuster said that these considerations would have had some force when at the request of the Indian manufacturers the import duty on Japanese piecegoods was increased by 50 per cent; that was a discriminatory measure of a far greater intensity than anything that was contemplated in the agreement. The result of that measure was, there was no fall in the demand of Indian cotton. In fact no big exporter of the primary produce in the world to-day is in such favourable position, as India, as regards the export of Indian cotton.

CHOICE BEFORE INDIA.

Continuing, Sir George said: I concede to Sir Abdur Rahim complete honesty in the line of his attack but he has taken very easy line. He knows his vote is not likely to influence the actual result and he is not standing out in old liable to be blown up by tempests which may arise if we reject the agreement. India has to choose whether she will join in the economic co-operation within the Empire or whether she is to take the terrible risk of standing on her own and rejecting the proferred hand. If we had refused to take part in the Conference for British economic movement within the commonwealth. we would have committed the gravest possible dereliction of duty.

The Finance Member said that he had recently had opportunity of travelling over a great part of the world and amidst tremors and danger all over the world. he discovered only one solid bit of land namely territories working within the British group.

"BRITISH HONESTY & CREDIT."

Sir George Schuster: "I believe that the only sure foundation for Finance and trade as we have known it is British Credit, British Honesty and British Commercial integrity. Some people pin their faith on gold, but you cannot eat gold when it is no longer the basis of currency. Since British Government decided to unlink their currency from gold sterling has become the reliable standard of value in the world. To-day it is the sterling that is stable. Its gold which is soaring about in heights unrelated to any reasonable value in terms of commodities.

TRIBUTE TO SIR ATUL.

Finally Sir George Schuster referred to the brilliant advocacy of the Indian delegation and said 'Sir Atul Chatterjee, the Leader of the Indian Delegation stood out from all leaders of the delegations for his ability in the conduct of the affairs." (Applause.)

Sir Schuster declared that the proceedings of the Conference had left a vivid impression on his mind and showed how greatly the prestige of India had been enhanced and had insured for India an independent status and voice of the future of Imperial Conferences. He appealed to the House to turn to this aspect of the Imperial co-operation in view and in general way to appreciate work done at Ottawa (Applause).

Mr Yamin Khan supported the Agreement as a layman and a producer. He said that as a member of the Special Select Committee, he was not impressed by the evidence which made so much mark on Sir Abdur Rahim. He had to look to the interests of 80 per cent of the population, which for the most part remained on the verge of starvation. They, he claimed, would be benefitted by the Agreement.

"HALTING" REPORT.

Mr. Anklesaria opposed the amendment and wanted ratification of the agreement as suggested by Sir Joseph Bhore's original resolution. He even though that the Committee served no purpose as they did not add a single fact to the report of the delegation. The Assembly could have got better information from the Commerce Department or by interrogating Mr. Burt. the official expert. Mr. Anklesaria said that the report of the Committee had nothing to commend itself as it was halting in many places.

FREE TRADE KILLED.

Mr. F. E. James. while supporting the ratification for three years expressed his disapproval of the proposal to appoint a committee of the Assembly to watch the working of the agreement as he preferred not a committee elected by the political parties but some thing like an Imperial Economic Council for India, which would devise means for controlling the production, organise expansion and co-ordinate efforts. In fact the agreement was a step in regional effort towards the economic recovery. It had killed free trade but also killed economic nationalisation and it was foundation stone of the Empire Economic Development paying the way towards world recovery. (Applause.)

IN ENGLAND TOO!

Sir Zulfikar Ali Khan thought that difference of opinion was bound to prevail in such matters; even in England there was such difference. However, he had no doubt that the House would take the view which would lead to the prosperity of India and the empire. After hearing so many opposition speeches, he failed to discover any force in their argument. Most of them were half-hearted and suited to their own purpose and future prospects.

Mr. Gayaprasad interjected:—In Government circles!

Sir Zulfikar Ali:—It makes no difference if that purpose is with the Government or outside Government circles.

Mr. Mody:—That is also a circle (Laughter).

UNSTABLE FOREIGN MARKETS.

Sir Zulfikar Ali proceeding argued that if India did not ratify the agreement, they would then have had to seek foreign markets entirely, which were in his opinion unstable. Further, India was far away and if she lost the present opportunity, French colonies nearby, such as Morocco, Algeria, etc., would gradually replace our position in foreign markets. The important problem which India had to face at present was increasing the purchasing power of the people and reducing the cost of production of raw materials.

As for wheat, reducing the cost of production was more necessary, because that would achieve the first object, namely raising the purchasing power of the masses. He urged that both in the interest of the Punjab wheat growers and Government, that reduction of water rate, Land Revenue and freight charges was necessary. The chances were much brighter and it would be nothing short of shortsightedness to reject the agreement. Mr. Gaya Prasad Singh protested that those records and documents which were made available to members of the special committee were not available to all members of the Assembly. He urged on the Commerce member even now to make those documents public, so that it was possible that those who now opposed, might reverse their judgment, as certain members on the Special Committee did.

MODY'S "BEGGAR'S BOWL".

Mr. Chetty had admitted that the bulk of opinion in the country oppose the agreement. If it was so, then, why were they as representatives of the people afraid to put forth the views by the people. It was possible to act in this matter both with popularity and honesty. The speaker refuted Mr. Mody's charges that members did not represent those small industries, from whom they spoke. He pointed out to Mr. Mody how the opposition had always helped the cotton industry whenever he (Mr. Mody) came to the Assembly with the beggar's bowl for protection.

ANOTHER CHAMPION.

Haji Abdulla Haroon, one of the Indian delegates to Ottawa defended the agreement, as he was convinced of its utility to India. He did not agree with those who thought that Indian industries would suffer. He quoted figures from Mr. Barker's pamphlet showing that India's export trade with the United Kingdom had been improving in the last three years, while it had been diminishing with foreign countries. As a businessman he regarded the retention of the British markets as important, as giving up of 44 per cent of Indian exports would be disastrous. Greece had recently prohibited Sugar imports except from the United Kingdom.

"GREAT PARLIAMENTARIAN"

Mr. Ranga Iyer supporting Sir Hari Singh Gour's amendment for three years ratification said that if only Sir Abdur Rahim had attended the Assembly Committee's sitting on it last day, he would have taken the same attitude as he did. At any rate Mr. Ranga Iyer, hoped that Sir Abdur Rahim would now agree to serve on the Select Committee.

Sir Abdur Rahim:—No.

Mr. Ranga Iyer:—I am sorry that a great parliamentrian like Sir Abdur Rahim adopts an attitude of non-co-operation. True, there may be differences, but where is the parliamentary utopia whose angelic denizens never differed among themselves? Let Sir Abdur Rahim remember it is better to have fought and lost than never to have fought at all. No one can accuse him as a lover of popularity, because he has courted unpopularity in the days of Mr. C. R. Das.

CASE FOR SPECIAL COMMITTEE

I am glad that Sir Abdur Rahim has never said that this agreement should be rejected. His regret is that there has not been sufficient data for study. That was why we want a special Committee of the Assembly to watch the course of trade and the effects of the agreement on Indian industries and report annually to the Assembly and then there will be decisive voice of the Assembly at the end of three years, while the right to denounce the agreement at the end of six months notice, will always remain."

For himself, he was actuated by honesty and not popularity.

Mr. Harbilas Sarda, a signatory to the Minority Report repelled the charge of political bias and said that if they had any, it was in favour of India. He continued that so far as exports to Britain were concerned, they need not be worried over the threat of Britain as it would think twice before increasing the duty on raw matrial and therebey increasing the cost to its consummers, while any increase in duty on jute import would only increase the cost of production on jute. He contended that by giving preference to English products and levying higher duties on non-British goods, India would be paying more for certain goods reulting in increase in the cost of production of Indian goods which would not be able to compete favourably with foreign countries.

It had been said that England had changed her angle of vision, but that was so because it was in her interests to do so and she was not inconsistent in her policy, as she now knew that circumstances had changed and Germany, America and Japan were out-stripping her in the industrial field and it was impossible for her to have the advantage of free trade any longer.

WILL BHORE EXPLAIN?

Mr. S. C. Mitra referring to Haji Abdulla Haroon's remark that if all facts placed before the Ottawa Committee were also placed before the Assembly, it would be convinced. The speaker wanted Sir Joseph Bhore to explain why evidence had not been placed before the House. Mr. Mitra said that Indian delegates were handicapped at Ottawa, as they had no opportunity to discuss the matter with Indian Chambers of Commerce and prepare a list of goods, on which India wanted prference. Mr. Mitra said that safeguards to which so much importance had been attached, would handicap the future Legislature. England had changed her policy as she was in a predicament and was anxious to get hold of markets in the Dominions and dependencies.

COMMERCE MEMBER REPLIES.

Sir Joseph Bhore winding up the debate declared amidst cheers: "If I had not honestly felt that I could whole-heartedly support the agreement then the task of introducing this measure would have fallen on other shoulders. It is because I feel that it is to India's advantage to accept the agreement that I emphatically urge the House to endorse its acceptance".

The opposition had based its criticism entirely on economic theories of uncertain guides. He for his part was guided by what commonsense dictated. If as a result of the preferences, India could sell more in Britain. then India's capacity to meet competition elsewhere would be stronger. Increase in India's purchases in the United Kingdom did not mean dimunition in the purchases of Indian produce in foreign countries. This argument proceeded on the assumption that the volume of trade was fixed. On the other hand as result of selling more in the United Kingdom market, India's purchasing power would increase and with every increase, there could be set in motion, forces which would bring wider and wider markets for India's produce.

"TERRIBLE COMMENTARY".

Sir Joseph Bhore emphasised that the policy of protection stood in the way of application of that policy. Moreover, it was entirely open to India to decide what rate of duty should be put on the particular commodity. Members of the Ottawa delegation had been attacked on the ground that they were not elected by the Asembly. Sir Joseph remarked that it was a terrible commentary on public life in India, if it was possible for anyone to suggest that an elected members of the Assembly ceased to command public confidence simply because he discharged his duty of public service at the request of Government (Hear Hear).

NO POLITICAL GROUNDS.

Most of the objections to the agreement were based on political grounds and the Commerce Member asked members not to allow their independent judgment to be influenced by views proceeding from such a source. If the amendment of Mr. B. Das not to ratify the agreement on political grounds was accepted, then agriculturists' interest would seriously suffer. Sir Joseph claimed that by agreeing to three years ratification and by providing for Committee they had saved the interests of agriculturists and provided sufficient safeguard

"AYES".

When the Assembly divided on the Government Ottawa resolution as amended by Sir Hari Singh Gour's Amendment, the following 77 voted for it:—

(1) Mr. Shanmukham Chetty, (2) Muazzam Saheb, (3) Mr. James, (4) Mr. Anklesaria, (5) Mr. Chinoy, (6) Abdulla Haroon, (7) Nawab Naharsinghji Ishwarsinghji, (8) Sir Leslie Hudson, (9) Mr. Hossack (10) Sardar Mujumdar, (11) Mr. Mody, (12) Mr. Dudhoria, (13) Sir Abdulla Suhrwardy, (14) Chaudhry Ismail Khan, (15) Mr. Anwarulazim, (16) Kabiruddin Ahmad, (17) Mr. Morgan, (19) Mr. Ranga Iyer (20) Mr. Nihal Singh, (21) Ismail Ali Khan, (22) Mr. Yamin Khan (23) Sir Mohamad Yakub, (24) Mr. Ziauddin, (25) Mr. Scott, (26) Bhai Parmanand, (27) Mr. Fazalhaq Piracha, (28) Mr. Rajanbux (29) Mr. Rastody, (30) Mr. Guptesar Prasad, (31) Shafee Daoodi, (32) S. R. Pandit. (33) Sir Hari Singh Gour, (34) Mr. Liladhar Chaudhry (35) Mr. Wilayatullah, (36) Mr. Goswami Puri, (37) Mr. Fox, (38) Mr. Jog, (39) Sir Brojendra Mitter (40) Sir Joseph Bhore, (41) Mr Haig, (42) Sir George Schuster, (43) Mr. Mitchell, (44) Mr. Bajpai, (45) Mr. Metcalfe, (46) Mr. P. R. Raju, (47) Sir Frank Noyce, (48) Mr. Ryan (49) Mr. Gwynne. (50) Mr. Meek, (51) Mr. Burt, (52) Mr. McQueen, (53) Mr. Hari Rao Naydu, (54) Mr. Sorley, (55) Mr. Acott, (56) Mr. Dutt, (57) Abdul Hye, (58) Mr. Amirhussain, (59) Allah Bux Khan, (60) Mr. P. P. Singh, (61) Mr. Greenfield, (62) Mr. Hezlett, (63) Mr. Dunn, (64) Sir Zulfikar Ali Khan. (65) Major Nawai Khan, (66) Captain Lalchand, (67) Mr. Jowhir Singh, (68) Mr. Satyacharan Mukherjee, (69) Mr. De'ouza, (70) Rao Bahadur Rajah, (71) Mr. Sarma (72) Captain Sher Mohammed (73) Mr. Bower, (74) Mr. Mackenzie, (75) Mr. Rafiuddin Ahmad, (76) Mr. Dalal and (77) Mr. Tottenhan

"NOS."

The following 25 voted against the resolution:—

(1) Mr. Sitara Raju, (2) Mr Krishnamachariar, (3) Rajyam Pandan, (4) Mr. Thampan, (5) Syed Murtaza, (6) Mr. Uppi Saheb, (7) Lalchand Navalrai, (8) Mr. Jadhav, (9) Mr. Gunjal, (10) Mr. Patil, (11) Mr. Amarnath Dutt, (12) Pandit Sen, (13) Mr. S. C. Mitra, (14) Sir Abdur Rahim, (15) Mr. S. C. Sen; (16) Mr Azharali, (17) Mr. Sadiq Hasan, (18) Mr. Sant Singh, (19) Mr. Gaya Prasad Singh, (20) Mr. B. N. Misra, (21) Mr. Maswood Ahmad, (22) Maulvi Badiuzzaman, (23) Mr. Bhupat Singh, (24) Mr. Matin Chaudhry, (25) Mr. Harbilas Sarda. Assembly adjourned till to-morrow.—A. P

HAVE YOU EVER PRACTICED ZOMBIEISM?

HELP FOR FREE EYE HOSPITAL

A benefit performance will be given to-night by the Nutan Sangit Vidyalaya at the New Elphinstone Theatre in aid of the Aimai Free Opthalmic Hospital, Parel.

CEYLON Vs WESTERN INDIA

R. J. O. Meyers Scores 73

RAJKOT, Dec. 3.

The match between the Ceylon Touring Team and the Western India Cricket Association commenced to-day at 10-30 a.m. in fine weather. The wicket was good. Western India won the toss and elected to bat.

Meyers and Velji opened the Western India first innings. After ten minutes play, Velji was clean bowled by Dr. Gunasekara.

The Prince of Limbdi who came in next was caught by Kelart for seven runs. M. E. Sheik joined Meyers and the pair played steadily, with Meyers stealing singles and doubles by hitting all round the wickets. Meyers reached his individual half-century after batting for an hour and a quarter. He then hit a magnificent sixer, and again in another over he hit three successive sixers and reached his individual 70. In the next over, Meyers was caught behind the wicket for 73 which included 9 fours and 4 sixers.

Faiz Ahmed partnered Sheikh and Sheikh was caught for 26. K. S. Digvijaysingh, Captain of the Western India States Team who went in next was caught off the first ball he received behind the wickets. At the time of wiring West India States had lost five wickets for 111 runs.—A. P.

REVOLUTIONARY LEAFLETS

Four Bengalis Convicted

CALCUTTA, Dec. 6.

Abani Rajan Sircar, Nirmalkumar Guha, Asokekumar Chatterjee and Tarapada Mitra were sentenced to-day to three years' rigorous imprisonment each by the Chief Presidecy Magistrate. The first two were sentenced for distributing revolutionary leaflets which incited the murder of Government officials, Europeans and police officers. The remaining two were convicted for aiding and abeting the other two in their distribution of revolutionary leaflets.—A. P.

INTER-VARSITY RUGBY

Oxford Beat Cambridge

(SPECIAL CABLE)

LONDON, Dec. 6.

The inter-varsity Rugby at Twickenham was played in a sunny weather before a crowd of 40,000 strong. The teams announced yesterday were unaltered. After five minutes, an orthodox movement from the scrummage left Fyffe only Owen Smith to beat. Although he was brought down, he dribbled to the cross line. Reid touched down but Parker did not convert. Cambridge forwards were better in the scrummage, but Oxford gave their backs the chances. They were frequently compelled to kick into a touch.

Almost half an hour elapsed before Oxford became dangerous. Their forwards were responsible for attacking the position. There was improvement in the scrummaging and a quick heeling and the ball flashed along the line, Lorraine, who was previously disappointing, cut through Minns his final dash being superb but Jenkins failed to convtrt. Now with very hot stroke. W. H. Leather was only a foot short of landing a fine goal from the halfway line.

OXFORD WIN.

At half-time the teams were level with three points all. On resumption, Waide almost scored with a brilliant dribble. Then five minutes after the restart, Lorraines stepped to the side and sent in Minns, Jenkins bringing off a magnificent conversion from the touchline.

Cambridge made terrific efforts in the last ten minutes. Jackson and Waller missed tries by inches. Some dangerous moves followed on the part of Leather Brothers and Reid. The whistle found Oxford still attacking and deserved winners by eight points to three.—Reuter.

BY THE WAY

(Continued from page 6.)

so enthusiastic over the prospects of the Ottawa Agreement being ratified by the Legislative Assembly that even beyond his usual wont he has decried every speech made in opposition and extolled every speech made in favour of the Agreement as the very embodiment of economic wisdom. I do not know when Mr. H. P. Mody is going to have his turn at the hands of the Delhi correspondent of the "Times" when he may be described as the President of an Association that is in league with an illegal body like the Congress. It was not many months ago that this Anglo-Indian journal elected to accuse Mr. Mody and his Association of having entered into some agreement two years ago with the Congress with the sole aim of demarcating the sphere of activity of the Khadi spinners from the mechanically worked mills.

But Mr. Mody's stars really appear to have undergone a revolutionary circuit to merit the patronising attention of the Anglo-Indian papers. Even Sir Hari Singh Gour whose speech in no sense whatever can be said to make out a case in support of accepting the agreement is praised simply because Sir Hari Singh recommends the acceptance of the Agreement for three years trial. Sir Hari Singh makes an honest admission that no member of the Select Committee could assert that the Agreement would be definitely to the advantage of India as the Committee had not sufficient time to examine in detail an important side of the Agreement. But what does it matter to our Anglo-Indian friends so long as the vote is cast in favour of Government? It is most immaterial, whether anything sensible of any non-sense is dished out in support of their action.

ANGLO-FRENCH DEBTS CONFERENCE

'Mac' And N. Chamberlain To Go To Paris

PARIS, Dec. 6.

Mr. Ramsay MacDonald and M. Herriot will arrive to-morrow and it is reported from Geneva that Mri Neville Chamberlain will also come to Paris to-morrow. So, there is a prospect of the Anglo-French debts conference.

Crucial debts debate in the Chamber will begin on Friday or Saturday. The Chamber is against payment and M. Herriot is reported to be for payment. If M. Herriot fails, he will probably be asked to form the Government again with a mandate to reduce payment.—Reuter's Special.

END THE RAILWAY DEADLOCK

Influential Madras Appeal

STRIKERS DISCIPLINE & SELF-RESTRAINT

MADRAS, Dec. 6.

A number of prominent citizens of Madras, including the Right Hon'ble V. S. Srinivas Sastri, Sir Sivaswamy Iyer, Sir K. V. Reddi, Mr. Jalal Mohammad and several others have issued a statement to the press pointing out the danger in allowing the Railway Strike to continue. They observe:—

"The prolongation of the Railway Strike seems both unnecessary and undesirable from every point of view. For six weeks men have held out with commendable self-restraint and discipline, but public feels concerned about the future developments in the possibility of extention of the strike.

"TREMENDOUS SACRIFICES".

The issues have been narrowed down considerably by the statements made by the both parties. The administration is afraid that the re-instatement of 93 men may be used as a precedent by the other Railway Unions. With regard to this Mr. Giri has stated that the principle laid down by the M. and S. M. Railway maintaining a surplus up to 20 per cent number should be employed. We believe that all the 93 men may not be available for employment, though their precise number is not known to us. We have no desire to go into the merits of the disbute, but we cannot be indifferent to the sufrings of thousands of men who feel that they are fighting for their rights, making tremendous sacrifices.

ABSORB SURPLUS MEN

Therefore apart from any question of principle, it seems to us that the mere act of the workshops having been idle for six weeks should be a deciding factor. The Railway administration cannot we feel confident find an absorption for such of the 93 men who are still unemployed. The point insuperable, in face of the agent's admission, that the offer of work for a short time as an alternative to sending out the surplus men remains open.

We make an earnest appeal to both the sides to come together in a spirit of accommodation and end the deadlock which has already caused privation of thousands of families and may, if allowed to continue, dislocate the important Railway system and produce discontent and misery on a vastly bigger scale.—A. P.

LIVER-SOLUTION

of Gujarat Medicine Mfg. Co. SARANGPUR, AHMEDABAD.

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ENGLAND OUT FOR 524

PATAUDI KNOCKS UP CENTURY

Uphill Fight Against Superb Bowling

(SPECIAL CABLE.)

SYDNEY, December 6.

England's remarkable career in the Test Match suffered a slight setback to-day on the resumption of play on the fourth day. England lost two more wickets for the addition of 43 to the overnight total.

Pataudi reached his century to-day. He emulated Ranjitsinhji and Duleepsinhji, hitting up a century in his first appearance in a Test.-

England scored 521 runs in the first innings against Australia.

Threatened rain and an overcast sky had cleared this morning when the test match was resumed in fine weather. The wicket was unaffected and in good condition. Wall and Oreilly opened attack to the overnigh not-outs, Pataudi and Hammond. Wall was bowling at a great pace and frequently had Pataudi guessing. Grimmet was brought instead of Oreilly. but Allen hit him to the legboundary to send up 500 after the innings had lasted just over nine hours. Cricket was tediously slow and the crowd again this morning waxed sarcastic. They failed to shake Pataudi who continued unflurried. He took 30 minutes this morning to add ten runs to his overnight score, and ultimately reached 98. At this figure his score remained within addition for 15 minutes, and it seemed that he would never get additional two runs to complete his century. In the meantime Allen left with the score at 518/7. Oreilly made a wonderful lefthand catch, off his own bowling, to dismiss Allen whose 19 runs had taken and hour and five minutes to compile. He hit two boundaries. In the over before his dismissal he was struck

NAWAB OF PATAUDI

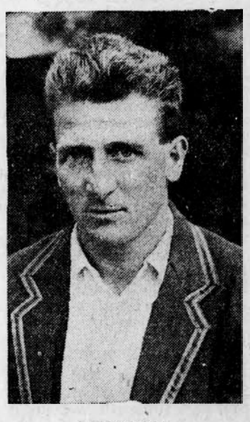
on the groin by a fast rising ball from Nagel. Ames joined Pataudi who then completed his fateful century with a latecut off Nagel for four. He had taken five hours to complete his century which included only six boundaries. He now joined Ranji and Duleepsinghji and the five Englishmen who have scored centuries in their first appearance in the test match. Although he received warm ovation from the crowd he will have to brighten up greatly if he wishes to retain his popularity in Australia.

Pataudi's century virtually signalled the close of innings. Australian bowlers finished of the English tail for the addition of only two runs. Ames was caught by Mccabe at silly point, off Areilly, for a duck. The same bowler also had Larwood out l.b.w. for nought, and at the other end Pataudi was clean bowled by Negel without any addition to his score. Voce was not out, nought. The total was 5.24.

Pataudi's batting was throughout ultracautious but occassionally showed some glimpses of his real self with fine off-driving. He was at the wickets in all for five hours 17 minutes, but his hundred was contributed in an uphill fight in a period of the innings when the bowlers were definitely in the top. H was out in the last over before lunch and the whole innings lasted nine minutes over ten hours.

GAME AFTER LUNCH

The crowd had increased from 5,000 to 15,000 when the play was resumed after lunch. The fine weather in which the game had opened in the morning was replaced with the overcast sky Australia made a disastrous start in their second innings, losing two of their best wickets for ten runs. Ponsford and Woodfull opened to the bowling of Larwood and Voce. Larwood bowled two maidens to Woodfull. And then Voce with the second ball of his second over took Ponsford's leg stump completely out of ground. Ponsford had



LARWOOD

previously made two runs off Voce, and this was the only score at the fall of the first wicket.

LARWOOD'S DEADLY BOWLING

Larwood was bowling at a volcanic pace, but yet retained the most perfect control. With the first ball of his fourth over he clean-bowled Woodfull for a duck, second wicket fell with the score at ten.

Fingleton who had followed Ponsford was then joined by Mccabe, the hero of Australia's first innings. The pair again seen to have stayed the tide, and batting with greatest caution are still together at the time of wiring with the score at 28|2. Fingleton has made 11 and Mccabe 15. Ames has been taking red hot deliveries from Larwood perfectly, and has not conceded any extras.

MCCABE HITS OUT.

McCabe pulled Voce for a magnificent sixer which almost landed on the pavilion roof. Jardine was not slow to take the hint and immediately brought on Hammond instead of Voce, with the score at 42. Early success seemed to inspire the English team, and Hammond was bowling splendidly. The batsmen treated him with the greatest respect, but with the fourth ball of his sixth over he had McCabe l.b.w., to the greatest disappointment of the Australian crowd who had settled down to watch another display like the one he had given in the first innings. The third wicket fell at 61.

Despite the seriousness of the situation McCabe was in his characteristic attacking mood although his 32 runs took 65 minutes. He was always forcing the play and hit one six and four fours.

Hammond's run of success continued, for with the very next ball he had Richardson, who had replaced McCabe, caught in the slips by Voce. The fourth wicket fell with the score unchanged at 61.

Fingleton was batting stubbornly and took 50 minutes to add four runs to his score. He was not out at the tea interval with 23 and Kippax was not out with 2. The score at tea was 69 for four wickets.-

LARWOOD PLAYS HAVOC

Before a grim crowd of 25,000 Larwood wrought havoc among the Australians after the tea interval. The wicket was beginning to show signs of wear, but in addition, Larwood's luck had another devastating spell. He had strained the muscle above his hip which required to be bandaged, but despite the constant jarring of the swollen muscle, he had lost nothing of his fire and the Australian batsmen were unable to deal with him. He signalled the first century of the innings by clean bowling Kippax for 19.

Australia had taken 2 hours and 11 minutes to reach the first hundred. Oldfield joined Fingleton but four runs later provided Larwood with his next victim. (104|6).

One run later, Fingleton was out in the same manner being held by Voce at squareleg off Larwood. This settled a gloom on the crowd, as he appeared to be the set and the only batsman who was keeping the Australian end up. He was the top-scorer of innings so far, and his runs took two and half hours to compile. He showed admirable restraint in a very difficult situation, and batted stolidly as fortunes of the side demanded. He hit 5 fours.

WICKETS FALL QUICKLY.

Grimmet was the next out after scoring five caught by Allen in slips off Larwood (133|8).

At this stage, Larwood had taken 4 wickets after tea at an average cost of little over 4 runs per wicket. He produced a remarkable analysis of 10 overs, no maidens, 17 runs and 4 wickets. Wall was caught at the wickets by Ames off Allen for 20 (151|9). Nagel is batting dourly and is not out with 21 at the close and Oreilly not out 7.

Larwood's analysis to-day is 18 overs, four maidens, 28 runs and five wickets. Australia with one wicket still to fall had drawn exactly the level with the English total of the play to-day. The following are the scores:—

SCORES:—

AUSTRALIA
(Second Innings.)

Ponsford b Voce ..	2
Woodfull, b Larwood, ..	0
Mc Cabe, l.b.w. b Hammond ...	32
Richardson c Voce b Hammond	0

AUSTRALIA 2ND INNINGS

Fingleton c Voce b Larwood	40
Kippax b Larwood	19
Oldfield c Leyland b Larwood	1
Grimmet c Allen b Larwood .	5
Nagel (not out)	21
Wall c Ames b Allen	20
Orielly (not out)	7
Total (for nine wkts.) ..	164

—Reuter.

ENGLAND 1ST INNINGS.

Sutcliffe l.b.w. b Wall ..	194
Wyatt l.b.w. b Grimmett ..	38
Hammond c. Grimmet, b Nagel ..	112
Nawab of Pataudi b Nagel ..	192
Leyland c Oldfield. b Wall ..	0
Jardine (how out not known) ..	27
Verity l.b.w. b Wall ..	2
Allen, c and b O'Reilly ..	19
Ames, c McCabe, b O'Reilly.	0
Larwood, l.b.w., b O'Reilly	0
Voce (not out) ..	0
Extras	30
Bowling Analysis:—Wall	38|4|
Total	524

104|3; Nagel, 43.41|9|1|0|2 O'Reilly, 67|32|117|3; Grimmett 64|22|118 1. Mccabe 15|2|42|1 and Kippax 2|1| 3|0.

AUSTRALIA
(1st Innings.)

Woodful c Ames b Voce ..	7
Ponsford b Larwood ..	32
Fingleton c Allen b Larwood	26
Kippax l.b.w. b Larwood ..	8
Mccabe (not out) ..	187
Richardson c Hammond b Voce ..	49
Odfield c Ames b Larwood..	4
Grimmet c Ames b Voce ..	10
Nagel b Larwood ..	0
O'Reilly b Voce ..	4
Wall c Allen b Hammond ..	4
Extras	20
Total	360

Bowling Analysis:—Larwood 5 for 96; Voce 4 for 110; Allen 0 for 65; Verity 0 for 35; Hammond 1 for 34.-

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CUTS IN SALARIES TO BE CONTINUED

Municipal Standing Committee Decision

Bombay, Tuesday.

When the Municipal Standing Committee met this afternoon to consider the budget estimates, the question of retrenching the salaries of the Municipal staff was discussed.

Mr. Karanjawalla moved that the reduction, which was in force, be continued for the year 1933-34.

The Municipal Commissioner made a strong plea for the restoration of the cuts.

Mr. Tairsee thought that the present state of Municipal finances did not permit the cuts to be restored and supported the motion. He, however, wanted that the salaries of employees drawing less than Rs. 100 should not be touched as they would be the most to suffer. He also wanted a new grade of salaries to be introduced.

After some discussion the Committee agreed to Mr. Karanjawalla's proposition.

DARBARIS GET "POSHAKS"

Bombay Governor At Ahmedabad

AHMEDABAD, Dec. 6.

On arrival at Ahmedabad, Sir Frederick and Lady Sykes were received at the station by Sir Rustom Vakil, the Commissioner, the Collector and the leading gentry. His Excellency proceeded to review the police parade and in a short speech thanked the force for carrying on the traditions, and hoped that they would realise the responsibility devolving on them.

His Excellency, at the Nowrojee Hall received three addresses from the District Local Board, the Sanitary Association and the Anjuman Islam.

Replying the Local Board's address, the Governor congratulated the Board for carrying on the work, unaffected by the subversive propaganda, and for co-operating with Government. The Governor further added that the Government was keen on the attainment of the constitutional progress. Non-co-operation and such manifestations delayed advance, but co-operation would result in advancement far exceeding the most sanguine hopes.

Lady Sykes, after visiting the Jubilee and the Civil Hospitals and the Deaf-mutes School, performed the opening ceremony of the Baby Week and Health Exhibition.

Lady Sykes in a speech emphasised the need for social progress going hand in hand with political advancement.

"POSHAKS" TO DARBARIS.

One of the most impressive darbars was witnessed this afternoon in the Nowrojee Hall where the Sardars of Gujerat were present to meet His Excellency. On arrival the Governor was received by the Commissioner who after declaring the Darbar open by the permission of His Excellency, introduced the Darbaris to the Governor. The Governor in an address to the Sardars congratulated them for taking part in the conducting of the affairs of the country.

Referring to the Round Table Conference, the Governor expressed the hope that the deliberations will lead to the solution of the problems of India. His Excellency thanked the Sardars for their loyalty and co-operation. His Excellency distributed "poshaks" (robes) to new Sardars.

His Excellency was entertained to a garden party by the leading citizen in the evening. The Governor honoured the Commissioner by dining with him where other leading Sardars were present.—A.P.

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NO REPRESENTATIVE TO UNITY CONFERENCE

All-India Muslim League's Resolution

NEW DELHI, Dec. 6.

At a meeting of the working Committee of the All-India Muslim League under the presidency of Rahimtoola Chinoy, the following resolution was passed:—"Whereas the Lucknow and Allahabad Conferences have adopted proposals mostly at variance with Muslim demands as well as with the resolution passed by the Muslim Conference held at Lucknow in October last, and whereas the Council of the All-India Muslim League held on 27th November last, has resolved not to accept the Allahabad proposals, which have undergone no alteration and addition as yet, and also considering the attitude of Hindu and Sikh representative bodies in India and Hindus and Sikhs representatives at the Round Table Conference, the working Committee of the All-India Muslim League resolves that no useful purpose will be served by the League representatives attending the forthcoming conferences at Lucknow and Allahabad.

Further resolved that the Secretary of the All-India Muslim League be authorised to send replies to the invitations received from Sheith Abdul Majid Sindhi and Pandit Madan Mohan Malaviya in terms of this resolution.—A.P.

WHY ONLY "DOLEFUL" NEWS ?

To the Editor of "The Chronicle".

Sir,—For sometime now the cables are busy conveying to us the news about the disagreement between the Government of Persia and the Anglo-Persian Oil Co., a disagreement which is a matter of ancient history. There is no doubt that with little give and take on both sides, the apparently insurmountable difficulties in the way of a better appreciation of each other's position will be brought about between Britain and Iran. We in India need not very necessarily be agitated over an old matter in dispute. What I would like to know is that while these items of unhappy news are flashed abroad, the transmitters of the same remain silent over the many encouraging signs of progress and prosperity observable in Iran. The continental papers describe in detail the festivities which were observed on an unparalleled scale when H. I. M. Reza Shah recently visited the Ports in his territory in the Persian Gulf. Particularly warm reception was accorded to him when he inspected the South Persia Railway travelling by a coach which was managed by a Persian driver. In the Persian Gulf were recently stationed manned by a mixed marine of Itallans and Persians six small warships which will now police the Persian Gulf against contraband and prevent the introduction of infectious diseases. According to the Persian papers, the warships are named Babr (tiger), Pelang (panther), Shahrukh (the sovereign bird), Simurgh (fabulous ostrich), Shahbaz (royal falcon), and Kargaz. It would be well if the agents of Western news companies in Teheran were not to confine their news to us in India to doleful announcements of possible misfortunes but were to extend their survey so as to compromise the more cheering items of the advancement in the Government of our friendly neighbour.—Yours, etc.,

ARDESHIR EDALJI BENGALI.

"GANDHI DAY" IN MADURA

Lathi Charge On Demonstrators

MADURA, December 5.

Mr. Krishnaswami Bharati, Advocate, described as the Fourteenth Congress Dictator, Ramaratnam, manager of a dyeworks, Balasumbramaniam and five others led the "Gandhi Day" procession through the principal streets arriving opposite the Meenakshi temple. The processionists picketed foreign cloth shops, a large crowd witnessing the demonstrations from a distance.

The police declared the gathering unlawful and charged it with lathis when they refused to disperse. Bharati and two of his companions were arrested and later admitted to hospital. It is said they have sustained contused wounds.—A.P.

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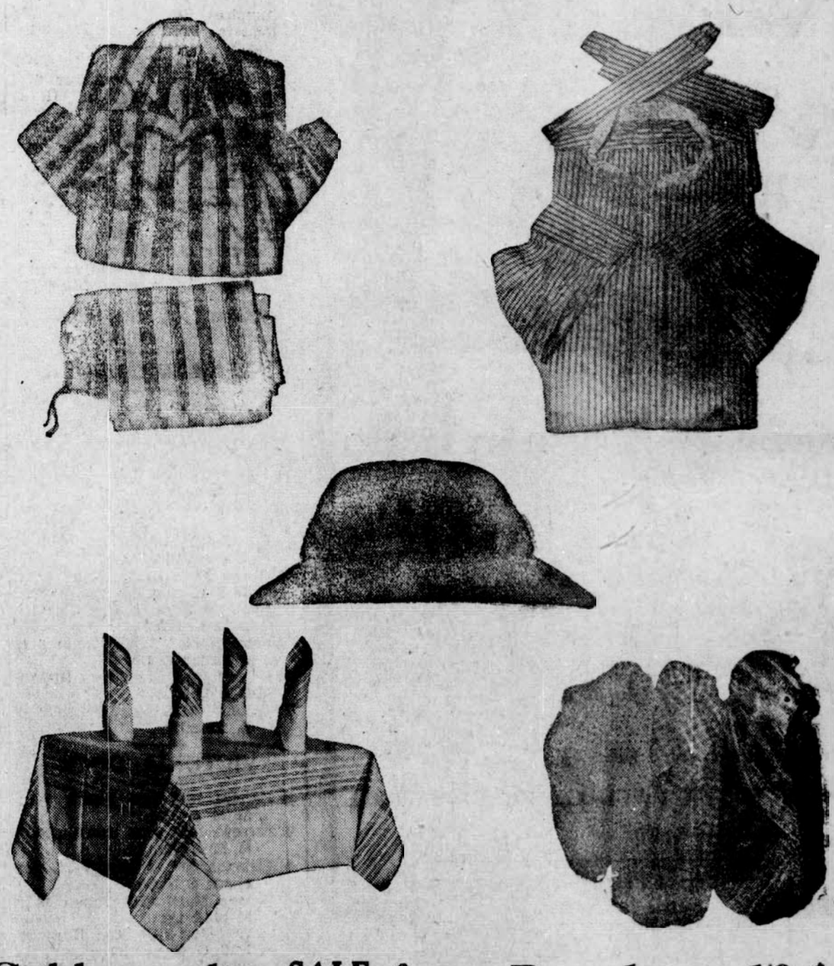

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CALCUTTA SHARE MARKET

Securities Steady

CALCUTTA, Dec. 6.

Jute Shares opened at about yesterday's closing but eased off again as session advanced and very limited turnover resulted. Closing rates however showed little improvement. In Coals Amalgamated changed hands at 11/12 ex-dividend while others showed no change. Securities were quiet, but steady. Following were the closing quotations:—

Securities:—3½ per cent. paper 71/14 small lot; 5 per cent. bonds 1935 101/11; 5 per cent. loan 1939-44 101/3; 5 per cent. loan 1945/55 106/1; 5 per cent. New Loan 1940-43 101/3; 5 per cent. U. P. Bonds 1944 100/4 small lot; 5½ per cent. loan 1938/40 103/1; 6½ per cent. Treasury bonds 1935 105/6 small lot.

Railways:—Hardwar-Dehra Railway 96; Mymensingh-Bhairab Bazar Railway rebate 75 small lots and Sara-Serajgang Railway 74, small lots.

Cottons:—Bengal-Nagpore ordy. 20/4; Kesoram 3/12.

Coals:—Amalgamated 11/12 ex-div.; Borrea pref. 91; Talcher 1/6.

Jute Shares:—Birla ordy. 8 small odd lot; Hooghly pref. 17-6; Howrah 38/14; Hukumchand 15; Kamarhatty 373; Kanknarrah 360 small lot; National 18; Presidency 4/14 small lot; Benares Electric 9/12; Bengal Telephone pref. 12-12; Burn & Co. ordy. 142; Bengal Flour 141; Spences Hotel 1-10 small lot; Bengal Paper ordy 63 and Titaghur paper 4/4.

Sugar Shares:—Carew & Co. 14-15; Cawnpore 32; Cawnpore pref. 128; Champaran 23/12 and New Savan 15/12.—A. P.

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Sriman MANI:—Writes in the "Swadesamitran":—This is the Astrologer who correctly predicted the future.

HANUMAN JOTISHA OFFICE, TIRUTTANI (S. India).

SHIPPING NEWS

EXPORTS AND IMPORTS

ARRIVALS.
December 6.

Nil.

DEPARTURE.
December 7.

Aungban Buckly, Marmagoa.
Bamora, Wordingham, Busrah.

LOADING.
December 6.

Steamer Jalarashmi for Rangoon.

Steamer Sumatra for Rangoon.

S S Aungban:—The I B P Coy's steamer Aungban, will sail to-day for Rangoon via Marmagoa, with same bottom cargo of kerosene oil.

S S Bamora:—The B I S N Coy's steamer Bamora, will sail to-day for Busrah, with a general cargo and passengers.

VESSELS IN THE DOCKS.
Bombay, Dec. 6.

ALEXANDRA DOCK

1 Alipore 3241 tons china 17-12 M M & Co
2. Silver Willow 3385 tons Colombo, 7-12, Volkart Bros.
3. Hatarana 4592 tons, Karachi, 7-12 M M & Co.
5 Ockenfels 4681 tins Antwerp 11-12 L Edwards.
8 Col di-Lana 3709 Trieste 8-12 L Triestino N Co.
9 Ginyo Maru 6128, Kobe 14|12, N Y Kaisha.
11 Sumatra 3260 tons, Calcutta 8-12 L Edwards.
12 Clan Sinclair 3291, Cochin 8-12 J Finlay & Co.
12 A Dred. Barbus 322 tons NF, NF' C E B P T.
16 Victoria 7115 tons Genoa 8-12 L Triestino.

VICTORIA DOCK

3 Bahora 1870 tons P'Gulf, 7-12, M M & Co.
4 Varsova 1957 tons Busrah, 8-12 M M & Co.
5 Africana 863, M'Coast 7-12, Merchant S N Co.
6 Heinan Maru 2719, Japan 10|12 M M & Co.
8 Fuku Maru 2767 tons Karachi. 7/12 O S Kaisha.
10|11 Surabaya Maru 2728, Japan 7|12, O S Kaisha.
14 Indira 278 tons M'Coast 9-12 Malabar Steamship Co.
14 Lalita 283 tons M'Coast 9-12 Malabar Steamship.

PRINCE'S DOCK

D/E Gairsoppa 3227, Calcutta 7-12 M M & Co.
F Haideri 912 tone, M'Coast NF. S Hassam & Co.
G. Oostacappelle 348 tons M'Coast 8-12 Merchant S N Co.
M. Colombo: NF., NF., National Petroleum Co.
N Fager 661, Bangkok, N F F F Campbell & Co.

STEAMERS EXPECTED

FROM LONDON
Narkunda 8|12, P & O S N Co.
Burdwan 9|12, P & O S N Co.
Carthage 15|12, P & O S N Co.
Mantua 23|12, P & O S N Co.
Naldera 29|12, P & O S N Co.
FROM PLYMOUTH.
Masula 7/12 M M & Co.
FROM GOURG
Simla 22|12, L Edwards Ltd.
FROM LIVERP
City of Valencia 8|12 K N Co.
Tarantia 12/12 L T C
C/Perth 16/12 K N C.
Clan Stuart 20|12 J F Co.
Clan Ranold 26|12 J F Co.
FROM GENOA.
India 11/12 M Italiana.
FROM HAMBURG.
Grootherk 7|12, L Edwards Ltd
Neuenfels 16|12, L Edwards Ltd
Sonenfels 26|12, L Edwards Ltd.
FROM NEW YORK.
President Hayes 16|12 F F Campbell & Co.
President Pierce 30|12 F F Campbell & Co.
C/Dalhart 3/12 I Edward Ltd.
C/Beerford 16/12 F F Campbell & Co.
Celebes Maru 19|12. O S Kaisha
FROM KOBE
Trairan Maru 5|12 N Y Kaisha.
Paris Maru 9|12 O S Kaisha.
Comorin 16-12. P. & O. S. N. Co.
Kidderpore 18-12 P & O. S N. Co.
Bhutan 25-12 P. & O. S. N. Co.
Ranpura 30-12. P & O S N Co.
FROM BRISBANE.
Maloja 10|12, P & O S N Co.
FROM DURBAN.
Karanfa 17 12 M M & Co.
Lakliva 31/12 M M & Co.

SAILING DATES OF STEAMERS

FOR TRIESTE.
Col di Lana 8|12 L T Co.
FOR GENOA.
Victoria 8|12 M Italiana.
FOR KOBE.
Tokiwa Maru NF., N Y Kaisha.
Sourabaya Maru 7|12, O S Kaisha.
Heinan Maru, N F M M & Co.
Gingo Maru, N F N Y Kaisha.
Alipore 17|12 P & O S N Co.
FOR HOUSTON.
Silverwillow N F V Bros.
FOR BUSRAH.
Varava 8|12 M. M. and Co.
FOR RANGOON
Chybassa NF, M M Co.
Jalavitha: N F S S N Co.
Jalarashmi NF, S S N Co.
FOR HAMBURG.
Rotenfels 5|12, L Edwards. Ltd.
Ockenfels N F L Edwards Ltd.
FOR BANGKOK.
Fager N F F Campbell & Co.
FOR DURBAN.
Tairea 17|12 M M & Co
FOR CALCUTTA.
Gairsoppa 4|12, M M & Co.
GENERAL LANDING DATES.
Bamora ,5-12.
Indira 5-12,
Lalita 5-12.
Parvati 5-12.
Varsova 5-12.
Oostcappelle 5-12.
Dayavati 6-12.
Gingo Maru 5-12.
Aungban 5-12.

EXPORTS.
Bombay, Dec. 6.

S S Ockenfels for Hamburg:—1400 bags groundnut oil cakes, A Oomerbhoy; 480 bags cassin, Amin & Sons.

For Antwerp:—12 bags gum false, N Moolji & Co.; 1200 bags linseed, L Dreyfus & Co.; 119 bags groundnut oil cakes, Ralli Bros.; 90 drums groundnut oil, A Oomerbhoy; 110 bales cotton raw, B Cursondas & Co.; 283 bales cotton raw, Bombay Co.

For Rotterdam:—1280 bags linseed oil cakes, A R Oomerbhoy; 786 bags groundnut oil cakes, H Rawji & Co.

For New York:—350 bags plantago seed, Ralli Bros.

For Ghent:—295 bales cotton raw, B Cursondas & Co.

S S Castalia for Marseilles:—30 bales cotton fly, L O Vora.

S S Ratenfels for Hamburg:—4200 bags groundnut cakes, Cox & Kings Ltd.

S S Col-De-Lana for Jaffa:—5 bales cotton yarn, R Shantilal & Co.

For Trieste:—53 bales cotton raw B Cursondas & Co.

S S Victoria for Alexandretta:—83 bales cotton yarn A H Diab.

For Jaffa:—4 bales cotton yarn: J Oottamchand & Co.

For Genoa:—110 bales cotton raw, Textile products Ltd.

S S Fager for Philadelphia:—75 bales wool raw, Shamjimal.

S S Heinan Maru for Kobe:—111 bales cotton raw, A Khimji & Co.; 242 bales cotton raw, Birla Bros.

S S Sourbaya Maru for Kobe:—700 bales cotton raw, Volkart Bros; 200 bales cotton raw, G K Kaisha Ltd.

IMPORTS.
Bombay, Dec. 6.

S.S Clan Sinclair, Agents, J. Finlay & Co., from Manchester:—100 cases yarn; 300 cases cottons; 570 cases cotton piece goods; 163 bales old newspapers; 6000 bags soda ash; 99 bundles steel hooks; 50 cases paper; 15 cases silk yarn; 18 drums lub. oil; 314 loose pulleys 1260 cases machinery.

From Glasgow:—59 cases cottons; 70 cases cotton piece-goods; 82 cases nails; 88 cases cotton thread on reels; 60 bundles rivets; 57 bundles sheets; 162 bundles steel bars; 224 loose cisterns; 74 cases newspaper; 100 cases wine; 125 cases beer; 575 cases whisky; 157 bundles teak material.

From Liverpool:—78 loose cisterns 30 cases milk; 30 cases gin; 149 cases machinery; 86 cases stearine; 107 cases fruits; 144 cases e'ware, 36550 cases soap, 75 cases chrome scrap; 208 cases glycerine; 25 cases beer; 86 cases distemper; 15 cases silk metal polish; 103 cases whisky; 124 bundles steel strip; 40 bundles steel rounds; 133 bundles sheets 45 bundles tubes; 256 bundles pipes; 1000 bundles steel middles; 600 bundles steel circles; 236 drums dyes; 75 drums colour; 719 drums paint, 60 drums disinfectant fluid; 1400 bags. 2010 drums, chemicals; 200 bags fruit salt.

When Ume Sagizawa was born in Tokyo she was blind.

For 62 years she has gone about the world without ever having seen it.

Then a surgeon operated in a Kobe hospital.

Now the bandages are being removed—and Ume is seeing the sunshine for the first time.

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BEST MUSIC—BEST COMIC—BEST SCENES—BEST STARS AND SUPERB TECHNIQUE
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6-30 and 10 P. M.
SYLVIA SIDNEY
IN
"LADIES OF THE BIG HOUSE"
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ENGLAND'S TWO MOST POLISHED COMEDIANS
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The greatest event of the day
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In a spicy, snappy superb drama
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SEE TO-NIGHT & WITNESS
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IT'S
SAROJ MOVIETONE
ALL TALKING PICTURE
BHARTRUHARI
Featuring Stage Star
Mr. ASHRAFKHAN
and
Miss JEBUNISSA
TIME: 6-30 & 10 P.M.
AT
WELLINGTON TALKIES
DHOBI TALAO.

OPERA HOUSE
TO-NIGHT AT 10 P.M.
GEO. T. BATTY
presents
HIS VERY LATEST ENTERTAINMENT
DIRECT FROM LONDON
THE IDEAL OF 1933
in
AN AFTER DINNER REVUE
Prices Rs. 3/6, 2/4, 1/2 and -9/-

THE PALACE
Byculla Railway Station
6-30, 10 P. M.
Universal Thriller starring the action-star
TOM MIX

RADIO STARS
Present
"BABY"
A Two Hour Marathi Play by Mr. S. N. Bendhe.
-At Bombay Theatre
Every WEDNESDAY THURSDAY at 6-15 and
SATURDAY at 3-15 And 6-15 and Sunday Morning 10
featuring
Miss GIRIJA KELEKAR
Tickets at Cinema Rates

ONLY THREE DAYS MORE
DON'T FAIL TO SEE MADANS' IDEAL HINDI TALKING & SINGING PICTURE
LAILA-MAJNU
Delightful Songs by
KAJJAN & NISSAR
Lovely Dances of Oriental Type By SCORES OF BEAUTIES
Shows: 5-30; 8; & 10-30 p.m.
Matinee on Friday at 3 p.m.
Commencing Next Saturday
NEW THEATRES' (Calcutta)
STUPENDOUS HINDI TALKIE
with RATAN & SAIGAL
SUBHEKA-SITARA
GLOBE TALKIES
(Sandhurst Road).

BAL MOHAN SANGIT COMPANY.
GRANT ROAD,
BOMBAY THEATRE
WEDNESDAY, 7th Dec. 1932
"PUNYA PRABHAV"
Two Performances More!!!
Revati —Miss SULOCHANA PALKAR.
Krittika—Miss ANUSUYA PALKAR
Ashwinshet—Mr. Chapekar, B.A.
"SANSHAY KALLOL"
SATURDAY, 10th Dec. 1932 at 9 p.m
SUNDAY, 11th Dec. 1932 at 3-30 p.m
D. R. JOSHI,
Proprietor.

TATA IRON AND TSEEL COMPANY LTD.

Approximate Production During November

Messrs. Tata Sons, Ltd. Agents for the Tata Iron and Steel Co. Ltd., report that the total approximate production of iron and steel at the Steel Works at Jamshedpur during the month of November 1932 was:—

Pig Iron 58,100; Steel Ingots 53,500; Finished Steel 39,500.

Tata Hydro-Electric Agencies Ltd.

FIGURES OF GROSS EARNINGS FOR NOV.

Messrs. Tata Hydro-Electric Agencies Ltd. Agents for the following three Hydro-Electric Companies report that the gross earnings of the said Companies for the month of November 1932 and for the fiscal year ending November, 30, 1932, subject to adjustments, were as compared with the corresponding month of the previous year:—

(For the month of November 1931)

Tata Hydro-Electric Power Supply Co. Ltd. Rs. 3,68,944; Andhra Valley Power Supply Co. Ltd. Rs. 5,10,919; Tata Power Co. Ltd. Rs. 4,68,989.

(For the month of November 932)

Tata Hydro-Electric Power Supply So. Ltd. Rs. 4,24,692; Andhra Valley Power Supply Co. Ltd. Rs. 5,31,802; Tata Power Co. Ltd. Rs. 4,91,872.

(For fiscal year to November 30, 1931.)

Tata Hydro-Electric Power Supply Co. Ltd. Rs. 4,24,692; Andhra Valley Power Supply Co. Ltd. Rs. 24,94,776; Tata Power Co. Ltd. Rs. 24,07,102.

(For current fiscal year to November 30, 1932).

Tata Hyro-Electric Power Supply Co. Ltd. Rs. 23,26,723; Andhra Valley Power Supply Co. Ltd. Rs. 27,10,866; Tata Power Co. Ltd. Rs. 24,62,165.

Bank of Baroda, Ltd.

Under the patronage of and largely supported by the Government of H. H. The Maharaja, Gaekwar.
(Registered under the Baroda Companies Act III of 1897.)

	Rs.
Capital Subscribed	60,00,000
Capital Called-up	30,00,000
Reserve Fund now is:	20,00,000

HEAD OFFICE:
MANDVI, BARODA
BRANCHES:
Ahmedabad, Bhavnagar Navsari, Mehsana, Surat, Bombay, Dabhoi, Petlad, Patan, Sidhpur, Amreli; Kalol, Dwarka Kadi Karjan and Port Okha
DIRECTORS:
Sir Lalubhai Samaldas, Kt., C.I.E. (Chairman).
Seth Durgaprasad Shambhuprasad Laskari (Mill Agent), Ahmedabad.
Bhaskarao V. Mehta, Esq., M.A., LL.B. (Bhavnagar).
Maganlal H. Kantavala, Esq., M.A. (Agent), The Maharaja Mills Co. Ltd., Baroda.
R. B. Govindbhai Hathibhai Desai, Late Naib Dewan, Baroda.
Raj Ratna Bhailal Dajibhai Amin, B.A., M.S.C.I., Managing Agent, Alembic Chemical Works Ltd., Baroda.
Sheth Pransukhlal Mafatlal, of the Shorock Mills Ltd., Ahmedabad.
Mr. Ramlal Hiralal Desai, B.A., LL.B., Naib Dewan, Baroda.
N. M. Muzumdar (Tata Sons, Ltd., Bombay).

CURRENT DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS.
Interest allowed on daily balance from Rs 300 to Rs. 1,00,000 at the rate of Rs. 2½ per cent. per annum from 1st January to 30th June, and at 2 per cent. from 1st July to 31st December, and on sums over Rs. 1,00,000 by special arrangement. No interest which does not come to Rs. 3 per half year will be allowed.

FIXED DEPOSITS.
Received for long or short periods on terms which may be ascertained on application.

LOANS, OVERDRAFTS AND CASH CREDITS.
The Bank grants accommodation on terms to be arranged against approved securities.
The Bank undertakes on behalf of its constituents the safe custody of Shares and Securities and the collection of dividends and interests thereon. It also undertakes the sale and purchase of Government Paper and all description of Stock at moderate charge, particulars of which may be learnt on application.

SAVINGS BANK.
Deposits received and interest allowed at 3-1/4 per cent. per annum.

SAVINGS BANK DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS.
Sums of Rs. 300 and over accepted at 3½ per cent. by transfer from Savings Bank accounts subject to three months' notice of withdrawal. Rules on application.

C. E. RANDLE,
General Manager.

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In order to popularise his system Tabore is sending FREE Partial Horoscopes to all who write and send him their full names, (Mr., Mrs. or Miss), address, date, month and year of birth all **clearly written** or printed by themselves in block letters together with 8 Annas Stamps to pay postage and miscellaneous expenses. No personal interviews; all consultations by post only. Address: "PUNDIT TABORE," (Dept. 334-B), Upper Forjett St., Bombay VII.

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Or to:—

Dept. 199,

The Bennett College, Ltd., Sheffield, England

Social Welfare Work Amongst Villagers

MANICPUR CELEBRATIONS

(From A Correspondent.)

BASSEIN, December 6.

Anniversary celebration held by the Tarun Dnanoday Mandal of Manickpur, Bassein, (Bombay Suburs), on Sunday last was a very notable event in the history of the Manickpur villagers.

The Mandal was established a year ago as a Library and Physical Culture Institute by a few enterprising students of Manickpur. During the one year's lifes of the Mandal, many noteworthy and benevolent works of social welfare by the Mandal done to mention only a few the installation and maintenance of lights at various corners of the village. Reading Room and Library equoped with leading newspapers dailies, weeklies and monthly magazines, indoor and outdoor games and physical culture training.

The celebration was presided by Rev. Fr. Miranda, Vicar, Manickpur Church. Speeches were made by Mr. Michael M. Colasco, B.A., LL.B., Pleader and President of the Manickpur Young Men's Catholic Association, Mr. Michael D'Almeida, Mr. Ignatious Gonsalves, and others. expressing great admiration for the achievements of the Mandal. Mr. Ignatious Gonsalves dwelt at great length on the subject of encouraging such social and welfare activities which he said would tend towards the happiness of the Bassein villagers.

Mr. Colaco stressed the physical culture activities as he said that health was desired for sound mental training.

The physical feats and singing by the members of the Mandal was very praiseworthy and was a great entertainment to the villagers. After this prizes were distributed to enterprisng boys and girls of the village.

The Chairman, Rev. Fr. Miranda in his closing speech, called the villagers of Manickpur to cooperate with the Mandal encourage them to achieve success in training youths in physical culture. He also spoke in favour of temperance which would be, he said, to the great benefit of the villagers. He donated a sum towards the welfare of the villagers.

Mr. Michael Colasco also donated a sum to the Mandal for encouraging their welfare activities.

The training in Physical Culture is given by Mr. J. A. Menezes of Manickpur, who had a special study in Lathi Lezim and other drills at Nasik.

After the recital of National songs by the young members of the Mandal, the celebrations terminated at 7 p.m. providing the villagers with three hours entertainment amidst great cheers to the Tarun Dnanoday Mandal

I. C. S. COMPETITIVE EXAMINATIONS

NEW DELHI, Dec. 5.

Of the candidates successful at the Indian Civil Service examination held in London in August last, whose names were published in the Home Department Press Communique of 3rd and 4th November, ten were Hindus, three Muhammadans, two Anglo-Indians and one Ceylonese.

It is proposed to recruit six Indians in India in 1933 by examination at Delhi and Rangoon. Three of these vacancies are in Burma and will be offered for competition among Burman candidates at the Rangoon examination. The remaining three are offered for competition at the examination to be held at Delhi in January next.

The number of candidates, if any, to be recruited by nomination, if results of the Delhi Examination render this necessary for the purpose of redressing communal inequalities, will be settled when the results of the examination are known.—A. P.

BULGARIA JUGOSLAVIA FRONTIER DISPUTE

Relations Badly Strained

SOFIA, Dec. 5.

Relations between Bulgaria and Jugoslavia are badly strained by the latest phase of the frontier dispute. Jugoslavia has informed Bugaria, through diplomatic channels of her intention, to withdraw from the mixed commission for peaceful settlement of the frontier idcidents. This is ascribed to the reprisal for Bulgaria's failure to carry out the agreement to suppress terrorist organisations on Bulgaria soil.—Reuter.

CHOOSE YOUR STARS Competition

FIRST PRIZE Rs. 250

SECOND PRIZE Rs. 100

THIRD PRIZE Rs. 50

and

Twenty Consolation Prizes

Here is a simple interesting competition, Act now and you may win Rs. 250 for annas FOUR only. You have merely to place these film stars in order, the most beautiful first, then the next and so on.

Twelve photographs of 12 well-known film-stars are given; six Eastern and six Western. They are all numbered from 1 to 12, and their names are given below. The six Eastern Stars are **1 ZUBEIDA; 2 KHATOON; 3 MADHURI; 4 SULOCHANA. 5 GOHAR; 6 MEHTAB.** In the Eastern Section of the coupon, fill in these six names placing the most beautiful at No. 1, your next selection at No. 2, and so on till you have filled in the six names in order of Beauty. You have to select the order of beauty from the photographs.

Similarly the six Western Stars are **7 BILLIE DOVE; 8 MARLENE DIETRICH; 9 NORMA TALMADGE; 10 NORMA SHEARER; 11 GRETA GARBO; 12 POLA NEGRI.** Place their names in the Western Section of the coupon in order of beauty according to your selection.

RULES

1 In this competition the prizes should be claimed and will be awarded on the Claim System.

2 Two days after the last day for sending in entries, that is on the 12th December 1932, the correct solution of this competition will be published in the "Bombay Chronicle" and in the "Bombay Samachar" A claim for coupon will be printed with it, and those competitors who have sent in an all correct solution, or who have less than 4 mistakes should send in their claim forms, without any extra entry fee. The prizes will be declared and awarded on these claims.

3 Sufficient time will be given to mofussil competitors to send in their claims.

4 After you have filled in your Form, write your name and full addess clearly in the Coupon. Then cut out the Coupon and enclose FOUR ANNAS in 'QUARTER-ANNA' or 'HALF-ANNA' Stamps as Entrance Fee.

5 **Address your Entries to:—**

THE COMPETITION MANAGER,

CHOOSE YOUR STARS COMPETITION,

Post Box No. 706, BOMBAY.

Local residents may, if they chose enclose 4 annas in coin instead of stamps and hand in their Entries at the Competition Counter in the Offices of the "Bombay Chronicle" and the "Bombay Samachar," and obtain receipts for the same.

6 Alterations and corrections and mutilations of Entries will disqualify the entrants submitting such entries.

7 No correspondence will be entered into and all comeptitors enter this competition on the distinct understanding that the Competition Manager's decision is final, legal and binding in all matters pertaining to this competition and that all competitors accept to be governed by these rules.

8 All entries must be received not later than

10th December 1932

9 In case of ties, the Competition Manager reserves the right to divide the prizes at his discretion and his decision will be final. The first prize will be awarded for an all correct solution.

10 Any number of entries may be submitted by each competitor provided a separate coupon solution and Entrance Fee are enclosed for each entry.

11 No competitor may win more than ONE prize.

12 No responsibility is accepted for non-receipt of entries.

13 This is a joint competition appearing simultaneously in the "Bombay Chronicle" and the "Bombty Samachar."

COUPON

EASTERN SECTION.				WESTERN SECTION			
1st	.....	4th	.....	1st	.....	4th	.....
2nd	.....	5th	.....	2nd	.....	5th	.....
3rd	.....	6th	.....	3rd	.....	6th	.....

NAME .....

ADDRESS .....

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BOMBAY WEDNESDAY DECEMBER 7 1932

ALL-INDIA ANTI-UNTOUCHABILITY DAY

COUNTRY TO MOBILISE FORCES

War On Untouchability

PROGRAMME FOR ALL-INDIA DAY

POONA, Dec. 6.

It is desired by Mahatma Gandhi that December 18 should be observed as "Anti-Untouchability Day" in every village, town and city of India, and the following programme for the day has been suggested by him.

Door to door collections of funds for the work of Anti-Untouchability League should be made. Every where a few Caste Hindus could set an example to others by cleaning the quarters of Harijans and being of service to them in similar and other ways, Games, sports and parties should be held in mixed gatherings of Harijan and Caste Hindu children.

KIRTAN PARTIES

Processions and Kirtan parties of Harijans and Caste Hindus should be organised and general efforts should be made to bring the two together, specially in the quarters of the latter, public meetings should be held everywhere, at which the evils of all forms and grades of untouchability should be clearly explained and prayers should be offered for their speedy and total eradication. Resolutions should also be adopted at these meetings for carrying on propaganda for the purpose, and special resolutions should be adopted in favour of the entry of Harijans into all the Hindu temples, especially Guruvayoor.—A. P.

Fraternise With Harijans

MAHATMA ON STUDENTS' ROLE IN WAR ON UNTOUCHABILITY

The following is the text of a letter Mahatmaji has addressed to Mr. G. S. Narasimhachari, Secretary of the Andhra University College Telugu Association, Vizagapatam, on 10th November.

Dear Friend,

Your letter of 23rd ultimo was received in due course, but for reasons you now know, I was unable to reply earlier. Students, if they will work heartily and intelligently, can do much in spite of the orthodox opposition. They can go to the quarters of the "untouchables," fraternize with them on equal terms, understand their difficulties and remove all those in their power to remove, bring them medical help, teach them the laws of cleanliness, conduct night and day schools for them, invite them to their games and take their children for outings. Those difficulties which they cannot remove, they can bring to the notice of the local branch of the newly established League or write to the central body, make a thoroughly critical and scholarly study of their conditions and publish it in pamphlet form. This is the most effective and the easiest way students can serve without interfering with their studies. But if they have to face opposition from elders even in doing this silent service, they must stand their ground, without being irritated and without weakening.

Do please let me know whether you have begun this work and if you have, how many are doing it.

HARIJANS' CONDITIONS

Volunteers To Go Round City Collecting Information

The Bombay Provincial Board of the All-India Anti-Untouchability League has formed a "Students Section." Student volunteers will be going round the city, and the Bombay suburban district, to collect authentic information relating to the conditions of Harijans with special reference to education, occupation and housing. The public are requested to give them all possible help.

Anti-Untouchability Work In Jubbulpore

(From A Correspondent.)

JUBBULPORE, (Lordganj), Dec. 6.

The anti-Untouchability movement has been started in right earnest in Jubbulpore. The Provincial Boards organisers have decided to hold a meeting on December 8 at Seth Govinddas' new residence. Many active workers from districts are expected here.

Seth Dayalbhai, a leading Gujarati merchant and ex-President of the Merchant Association died to-night at ripe old age. All markets and municipal offices, schools have been closed in his memory.

HEAVY JAPANESE IMPORTS INTO CEYLON

"Undermining Value Of Imperial Preference"

QUESTIONS IN COMMONS

LONDON, Dec. 5.

Tremendous importations of Japanese goods into Ceylon owing to the abnormal fall in the value of yen were drawn attention to by Conservative Hammersley in the Commons. He declared that these were undermining the value of Imperial preference proposed by the Government of Ceylon. The matter was most urgent and early steps should be taken to represent it to the Government of Ceylon.

Sir P. Cunliffe-Lister replied that he had represented it to the Government of Ceylon day after the Commons had granted Imperial preference.

Mr. Hammersley asked if Sir P. Cunliffe-Lister could take any other action.

Sir P. Cunliffe-Lister replied in the negative and said that he had made very strong representations on what he thought to be in the best interests of Ceylon and Britain, and pointed out that the Parliament of Ceylon was free to act in that regard.—Reuter's Special.

DISARMAMENT SCHEME

Four Big Powers Agree To Details

LONDON, Decr. 5.

Geneva.—Britain, France, United States and Italy have agreed to the details of the Disarmament Scheme, cabled this morning. Five Power delegates, including von Neurath, are dining together at Mr. MacDonald's invitation. If Germany accepts the Scheme, the Disarmament Conference will be superseded by a smaller Permanent Commission of control to carry on the circumscribed task for a limited period of time. Germany's agreement, however, is in no manner a foregone conclusion, while some objections which are not insuperable are expected on the part of some smaller Powers. —Reuter's Special.

BRITAIN AND U. S. A.

Trade Statistics For October Last

(Special Cable).

LONDON, Decr. 5.

Washington.—The United States exports to the United Kingdom in the month of October totalled 33,057,000 dollars compared to 50,499,000 dollars in October 1931.

Imports from the United Kingdom were only 6,790,000 dollars, compared to 11,277,000 dollars.

Although October trade returns showed the largest favourable trade balance in any month in 1932, the United States' exports to China were only 5,069,000 dollars, compared to 10,418,000 dollars in October 1931.

Nagpur. — The Governor-in-Council has declared to be forfeited to His Majesty all copies of the following publication or of its translations or extracts therefrom and also all other copies of the same publication, wherever printed, viz. The leaflet in Hindi entitled "Tarun Granth Mala ka Dusra Pushpa Fasi-ke-Takhtese".—A. P.

JAPAN CAPTURES DUTCH INDIES MARKET

European Countries Ousted

TELL-TALE FIGURES FOR 9 MONTHS

BATAVIA, Dec. 5.

Japan is ousting European countries from the Dutch Indies market. Official figures of the imports of cotton goods into Java and Madura for the period from January to September 1932 show 62 per cent. from Japan. 17 per cent from Holland and 10 per cent. from Britain, compared to 37. 25, and 24 per cent., respectively, in the same period of 1929.—Reuter's Special.

JAPAN'S STARTLING SUCCESS

Chinese Army Streaming Into Soviet Territory

LONDON, Decr. 5.

Moscow.—The Japanese campaign to clean up the northwest of Manchuria despite arctic conditions has hitherto been a startling success, and the Chinese army including General Supingwen are streaming into Soviet territory from Manchuli. Upon the local stationmaster refusing to provide transport, Chinese troops commandered and drove the trains themselves. Others crossed the frontier on foot. All have been interned.—Reuter's Special.

ANDHRA UNIVERSITY CONVOCATION

WALTAIR, Dec. 5.

The annual convocation of the Andhra University was held this afternoon, Sir George Stanley, chancellor, Presiding.

Sir Radhakrishnan, vice-Chancellor, extended a hearty welcome both to the Chancellor and the pro-Chancellor, the Raja of Bobbili, now chief Minister. Sir Radhakrishnan made appreciative references to the great help rendered to the University by the Rajah of Bobbili and his family. Dewan Bahadur M. Ramchandra Rao in his address to graduates stressed the importance of technological education. He declared that India had entered the era of industrial expansion and their educational system should be adapted to serve the new environment.—A. P.

Governor At Devgad Baria

GOVERNOR'S CAMP,

DEVGAD BARIA, Dec. 5.

His Excellency Sir Fredrick Sykes and Lady Sykes had a rousing reception on their arrival here. Maharaol Shri Ranjitsinghji, Mr. W. Dillon the Political Agent, with princes and nobles of the state were present at the station. Just after arrival, a salute of seventeen guns was fired. After inspecting the guard of honour, His Excellency drove in state through the town.

The Maharaol paid a visit to His Excellency which the Governor returned later.

The visitors were entertained at lunch by the Maharaol.

Lady Sykes attended the annual function at Sir Ranjitsingh High School and distributed prizes to the students.—A. P.

ENSURE INDIA'S CREDIT

To Meet Its Maturing Obligations

ADVICE OF "FINANCIAL TIMES" TO ROUND TABLERS

LONDON, Dec. 6.

The "Financial Times" says that duty devolves upon the present Round Table Conference of ensuring that the credit of India is unimpaired in order to enable the Federal Government to meet the country's maturing obligations and raise the capital for further development.

If the discussions are to proceed on a high commonsense level at which they appear to have been maintained hitherto, British Indian delegates must rid their minds entirely of outward cliches and the habit of examining every proposal from the British side as if it were a skilfully designed trap.

Villa For New Governor-General Of I. F. State

DUBLIN, Dec. 6.

The new Governor-General has bought and will shortly inhabit a modest villa at Dundrum near the City close to the residence of Mr. James McNeill, ex-Governor. Two Irish-speaking civic guards will be Mr. Buckley's aide-de-Camps.

IRISH DELEGATE CONFERENCE.

The Executive of the National Union of Railwaymen has altered the date of the Irish Delegate Conference at Dublin, to 10th December, to enable the decision being taken before the date of the threatened strike.—Reuter's Special.

"Seneschal" Buckley

(Special Cable).

LONDON, Decr. 5.

The fact that Mr. Donal Buckley has announced that he wishes to be known as "Seneschal" instead of as Governor-General of Southern Ireland, led Major Cadogan to enquire in the House of Commons whether there was material significance in the altered designation.

Mr. Thomas replied that "Seneschal" was used since the Irish Free State had established it as Irish translation of Governor-General.

LONDON STOCK EXCHANGE QUIET

Oil Shares Firm

(Special Cable).

LONDON, Dec. 5.

With the general disposition to mark time, markets continued very quiet all-round.

On the Stock Exchange gilt-edged securities recovered well after early weakness; otherwise, apart from the firmness of oil shares on expectations of an advance in the price of petrol, there was no special feature.

Securities exchanges, after fluctuating, closed higher, the New York rate being 3.20 and half.

Wall Street was very quiet, operators generally awaiting developments.

Maternity Centre At Sholapur

SHOLAPUR, (By Mail). Dec. 3.

Before a large gathering, the Christa Seva Mandir Committee opened a Maternity and Infant Welfare Centre yesterday under the auspicies of the Sholapur Maternity Association.

Rao Bahadur V. V. Mullay who presided the function in his speech declared that the new centre was opened with a view to help all without any distinction of caste and creed.

Miss A. Morgan distributed certificates of merits to the women who passed the welfare class examination last year.—A. P.

MAHARASHTRA LAUNCHES CAMPAIGN

Whirlwind Propaganda

DEODHAR'S APPEAL TO ZAMORIN TO SAVE MAHATMA

(From Our Correspondent.)

POONA, Dec. 5.

A great deal of ground is being prepared for propaganda work, in connection with the removal of Un-touchability and temple-entry, in Maharashtra, by Mr. G. K. Deodhar, President, Maharashtra Provincial Board of the A. I. Anti-Untouchability League, and his co-workers. The Board has after consultation with the Mahatma issued an earnest appeal to the caste-Hindus in general, to look upon Harijans not as untouchables but as themselves. Signatures giving assent to this appeal will be obtained, meetings will be held, and resolutions will be passed, throughout Maharashtra, to eradicate the evil of untouchability.

APPEAL TO CASTE-HINDUS

The appeal to the caste-Hindus runs thus:

Looked at from any point of view the present attitude of the caste-Hindus towards the Harijans requires to be immediately improved. They are undoubtedly Hindus and justly deserve the rights and privileges enjoyed by their more fortunate brotheren in the Hindu fold. We are happy to note that many Caste-Hindus have already begun to recognise their equal rights in meeting-places in Schools, Caravanserais, rest houses and the like.

We are of opinion that the pace of progress in the matter of opening public wells and reservoirs and public temples is very slow and needs to be quickened. The municipalities and district boards are moving in regard to the former, and we hope that the trustees and the temple-going-Hindus will discharge their duty in regard to the latter. The scope and limit of the facilities to the Harijans to enter temples will vary with the usages and circumstances prevailing in different districts and talukas regarding the use by Caste-Hindus in general. The Central idea to be kept in view by the Caste-Hindu brothren being to look upon the Harijans no longer as untouchables but as themselves.

GURUVAYUR PROBLEM

The Guruvayur temple has assumed an all-India reputation on account of Sjt. Kelappan's recent fast which was suspended at the request of aGndhiji. But in all probability it will be resumed by Sjt. Kelappan assisted by Gandhiji, if the referendum now being taken in the vicinity of Guruvayur does not result in favour of the admission of Harijans to the temple and the conditions publicly stated by Gandhiji are not fulfilled.

PETITION TO ZAMORIN

We, therefore, pray to the Hindus all over Maharashtra to petition to the Zamorin to take into consideration the wishes of the Caste-Hindus around Guruvayur in particular and all over the country in general and throw open for all time the Guruvayur temple to the Avarna Hindus along with the Savarnas and thus obliterate the contingency of a danger to the two precious souls of India. The signatories to the manifesto realize fully the need of an appeal to the trustees and owners of temples nearer home and therefrom also pray to all the Hindu temple owners and trustees to give kind consideration to our request and make a gracious gesture by opening the temples under their charge to the Harijans.

It is understood that Mr. G. K. Devadhar will, as desired by Mahatma Gandhi, will shortly go to Malabar to start an anti-Untouchability propaganda there.

SOCIAL DEMOCRATS TO MOVE NO-CONFIDENCE MOTION

Alliance With Communists Against Government

(Special Cable).

BERLIN, Dec. 5.

An unexpectedly disturbing element has been introduced into the situation by the decision of the Social Democrats to submit a motion of non-confidence immediately the Reichstag meets tomorrow.

Previously events had been straightened out to the extent of enabling the country to enjoy a politically peaceful Christmas. Von Schleicher had arranged with Speaker Goering that Nazis should consent to the Reichstag dealing purely with formalities, and then it should adjourn for some weeks. The Centre Party is similarly agreeable to a peaceful course, but the Democrats' last-moment decision allies them with Communists against Government. Nevertheless it is believed that Government will escape censure.

The Reichstag session will last a few days, and it will then adjourn till January.

Foreign Cloth Shops Picketed At Jubbulpore

(From A Correspondent.)

JUBBULPORE, Dec. 5.

Since yesterday peaceful picketing before foreign cloth-shops is resumed, and the police did not interfere.

Gandhi Day too was observed with a procession in the evening. No arrests were made.

DEMOCRATIC PROHIBITION RESOLUTION

Failure In Securing Two-Thirds Majority

"WETS" PERTURBED

WASHINGTON, Dec. 5.

To the consternation of "wets," the House of Representatives has narrowly failed to accord the requisite two-thirds majority for the democratic prohibition resolution, the voting being 271 for repeal ad 144 against.

UNPRECEDENTED SUBMISSION.

The prohibition resolution was unprecedentedly submitted immediately the House met in the firm assurance that it would be passed and the question of outright appeal could be submitted to the States.

HUNGER-MARCHERS APPROACH CAPITOL.

While the vote was taken shouts, boos and chanting of the internationale were audible from hunger-marchers steadily approaching the Capital which was guarded by large squads of police. The White House was similarly protection.—Reuter's Special.

New Delhi—The King Emperor has approved the appointment of Justice Bennett, I.C.S. at present Additional Judge of the High Court of Judicature at Allahabad to be permanent Judge of that court in succession to Justice Lalit Mohan Banerji, deceased.

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